

TWO CENTS

The principal theater in Havana, the Tacón, was built by convict labor.

AN OUTBREAK BY CONGRESS IS EXPECTED

A Determined Effort on Foot to Override the President and Speaker.

THE SENTIMENT GENERAL

Many House Members Meet and Practically Decide to Act.

The Foreign Relations Committee Likely to Report a Resolution For Direct Intervention in Behalf of the Cubans. Even Senator Gray Is Reported to Favor Strong Action—It Is Apparent That the Republican Majority in the House Can No Longer Be Held Under Control by the Conservative Element. Resolutions Proposing a Declaration of War Introduced in the Senate, Also For Recognition of Independence. Statesmen Discussed the Situation in Excited Groups.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—That congress will not remain long inactive, if some decided action is not taken by the administration in the Cuban matter, is certain.

This has found open expression in resolutions proposing a declaration of war in the senate, recognition of the independence of Cuba, armed intervention and other decisive and warlike steps against Spain and in conferences of Republicans having for their object the overruling of the speaker if necessary to get prompt action.

Both on the floor, in the cloakrooms, in the lobbies and in the corridors, there was little else discussed than the Cuban situation and the Maine disaster.

Every group of senators in the cloakroom talked on Cuba. Constant and continual conferences were held, and all recognized the seriousness of the situation.

On the house side it was apparent that the Republican majority could no longer be controlled by what is known as the conservative element led by the speaker. Groups of members in a state of excitement were to be seen on every hand. In each cloakroom there were members listening eagerly while portions of the Maine testimony was read. Members of the committee on foreign affairs grouped together and discussed plans and possible future proceedings. It was generally acknowledged that a serious condition had arisen; that a crisis was soon at hand.

The revolt in the house against further delay of action on the Cuban issue culminated in a conference of Republican members whose ideas are in accordance with a positive early course.

About 50 representatives attended, representing all sections. Representative Hopkins of Illinois, a member of the ways and means committee, presided. Representative Joy of Missouri was secretary. The meeting was called to take steps to secure immediate intervention in some form and the recognition of Cuban independence.

It was pointed out that while it was fit that the executive should be given, as he had been, a reasonable time within which to advise, it was exclusively the function of congress to declare war, commence hostilities or take action of that character.

The remarks made carried the view that a mere recognition of belligerency was not to be considered, for it would not of itself bring a cessation of hostilities and that intervention, armed and immediate and recognition of independence only would be considered. Some more conservatively put it, "to intervene and if necessary support such action by the prompt dispatch of our land and naval forces to Cuba."

After some vigorous speeches denunciatory of Spain it was decided to defer action until 5 o'clock this afternoon. The present program is to present to Speaker Reed evidence that a large majority favors the step, and the Cuban sympathizers believe that once convinced of the numbers enlisted in its support he will yield to them. It is also proposed to communicate their sentiment to President McKinley. The step is expected to bear fruit in important action in the house tomorrow. A poll of the house will be taken.

The following were among those who participated in the conference: Messrs. Hopkins, Mann, Warner, Lorimer of Illinois; Tawney of Minnesota; Spaulding, William Alden

Smith, Samuel W. Smith, Mesick, Sheldon, Corliss and Hamilton of Michigan; Mercer of Nebraska; White of North Carolina; Mudd of Maryland; Sulloway of New Hampshire; Knox and Lawrence of Massachusetts; Johnson of North Dakota; Brownlow of Tennessee; Colson of Kentucky; Brown of Ohio; Ellis of Oregon; Joy and Pierce of Missouri; and Brumm, Hicks, Kirkpatrick and Arnold of Pennsylvania.

In face of the records of the members of the foreign relations committee on the Cuban question, and their present attitude, there is no uncertainty that their action will be pronouncedly favorable to the Cubans, although there may be no definite action at their meeting today. It is too early to say what form of phraseology the resolution to be reported will take, but the members of the committee individually spoken with express the opinion that it will declare for forcible intervention. Such is the purport of all the resolutions introduced in the senate, and the general feeling is that any less radical action would be of no avail and devoid of meaning in view of the former action of the senate. The committee may accept the form of one of the resolutions presented or formulate a new one.

Senator Gray of Delaware is the only member of the committee who did not vote for the recognition of belligerency and independence when the resolutions for these purposes were formerly before the committee, but the fact is recalled by other committeemen that at a recent meeting he expressed the opinion that intervention would be necessary.

On the other hand, Senator Morgan appears to be disposed now to regard the president's wishes to the extent of opposing precipitate action without careful inquiry beforehand.

THE PRESIDENT

REMAINS FIRM.

Adverse Criticism, It Is Asserted, Is Due to Misinformation—Spain Considering His Demand.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The president remains steadfast in his convictions as to what is his duty in the Cuban matter, and adverse criticism which, it is asserted, is mainly due to misinformation as to the situation or ignorance of the president's purposes will not be permitted to swerve him in the least degree from the course he has planned. As already stated in these dispatches the president, some days ago, made a peremptory demand upon Spain to put an end immediately to hostilities in Cuba, to release the concentrados and to permit them to return to their homes and resume their several occupations unmolested. This statement is made by unquestionable authority, and, since that demand was communicated to Spain, the president has not taken a step backward or allowed himself to be persuaded into modifying it in the least particular. Spain's final reply to this demand, it is known, is now receiving the earnest consideration of the Spanish authorities at Madrid, and their final reply may be reasonably expected within the next few days. Should these demands be rejected, there is the highest authority for stating that the president would not hesitate a moment as to his future course, but would immediately lay the whole record before congress and be guided by its instructions.

As a preliminary step toward peace it has been proposed to Spain, though this last proposition has not taken the shape of a demand as yet at least, that the Spanish government withdraw its troops from the island and that the Cubans be given their independence on a basis of indemnity that would be regarded as just in amount by the United States and other nations of the world and fair to both contending parties.

The question of an armistice has not been agreed to by either this country or Spain, though there is no doubt that Spain suggested an armistice. What Spain suggested an armistice. What terms of peace will be acceptable to the president cannot be stated, but it is asserted that no proposition will be considered that does not involve the practical if not the actual independence of the Cubans. Under these circumstances the members of the administration think it only fair to the president that the people should wait with patience the result of the pending negotiations, since there is no more loyal American than the president or one who will hesitate less than he when the hour for action has arrived.

PREPARATIONS GO ON.

Army and Navy Departments Getting Ready For War, if It Comes.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The army and navy department continue to show many evidences of activity, but there is not that extreme energy of preparations apparent as last week. Captain Sigsbee had several talks with Secretary Long, and at the close of office hours, the secretary accompanied Captain Sigsbee to the White House and presented him to the president. Mr. Long says that no determination has been reached thus far as to Captain Sigsbee's next assignment. But, as one of the high officials of the

navy department remarked, the commander of the wrecked battleship can have about anything he wants. A board is considering what should be done with the wreck of the Maine. At first it seemed possible to save some part of the ship, and certainly the big guns and turrets. But this has been about abandoned.

The navy department made no further purchases of foreign ships, although the naval attaches abroad continue to make inspection of ships at the several yards.

A significant conference was held between representatives of the war and navy departments to determine whether New Orleans, Mobile or Tampa was best adapted as a base of operations, both military and naval, in the event of war. The representative of the navy was Captain Barker, naval aide to Secretary Long, and for the army Colonel Wagner, chief of the bureau of information of the army. These officers were named last week as a commission to harmonize the action of the war and naval branches.

The ordnance bureau is actively at work preparing for the armament of the yachts and tugs which have just been acquired by purchase by the navy and by loan from the treasury department. On the tugs and yachts the ordnance bureau will install such six-pounders as may be available for the purpose, while on the cutters will be put some 4-inch and several six-pounders, all of the rapid-fire class.

Paymaster Hay, the financial officer of the Maine, reported his arrival to the navy department. He is here to settle the accounts of the officers and men of the vessel.

At the war department the most important development of the day was the announcement that the Twenty-fifth regiment of infantry, now stationed in Montana, would be transferred to Dry Tortugas, in the Gulf of Mexico. This

mentioned in the testimony of Henry Drain, the clerk of the American consulate at Havana. The letter was received by General Lee a few days after the Maine disaster. It was dated Feb. 18, 1898, and signed "An Admirer." It was in Spanish, written apparently by a fairly well educated person. The certified translation is as follows:

It should be remembered that at dawn of the day of the terrible catastrophe an individual was killed in a small boat, together with another who was found wounded and a prisoner. They were going about the cruisers Maine and Alphonso XII and as the said individuals are of the worst antecedents as harbor thieves, I have interested myself in investigating what connection this occurrence could have had with the explosion of the Maine, and I have discovered that those two men, together with another, who is called Pepe Taco, had bought in a hardware store in Mercedes street, called La Marina, a hose, such as is used by divers, and that the three left Regla in a small boat, which they placed under the wharves of Santa Catalina, and they were loitering about more than an hour and a half, while Pepe Taco, who is a corker and diver, probably the best in these parts, did the work to bring about the explosion of the Maine.

With the data I went to Regla and discovered that the family of the dead man, who lived in the utmost misery in a house in Rodriguez Batista street, had moved to a well furnished one on Gelabert street. There I learned that they had agreed with some merchants of Muralla street for the work of blowing up the ship for the sum of \$6,000—\$2,000 in advance and the other \$4,000 after seeing the result. But, as they did not come out of the venture very well, having been attacked when they were retiring, the result of which was the death of one, who left his teeth in the boat, and another one wounded, the third one has not yet presented himself to collect the rest of the money, and it could be probably secretly done that, by paying him the rest that the others will not now pay him, he would declare the truth of all this. The one whom I called the third is the diver, Pepe Taco, who is unwounded, who is no doubt afraid to present himself to collect the rest.

READ THIS!

Cast Your Ballot

FOR THE RIGHT.

Four years of bad government has existed in East Liverpool under Mayor A. V. Gilbert. Conservative and law-abiding citizens, irrespective of party, are weary and disgusted with such bad and evil and lawless work. The boys of the city, your sons and brothers, must be protected. All that true citizens demand is the

Enforcement of Law and Order.

VOTE FOR

CHARLES F. BOUGH

On April 4, 1898.

regiment is composed entirely of colored troops, who have been located in the northwest for a number of years. Their stay in the gulf climate will prepare them for any service in Cuba should this be necessary.

WOODFORD SEES SAGASTA.

Other Spanish Officials at the Conference—Both Governments Desire Peace, Though Wide Apart.

MADRID, March 30.—Beyond the fact that a few policemen and a couple of civil guards stand outside the American legation there is absolutely no sign in Madrid of the tension between Spain and America. So far as the general public is concerned the matter is little discussed, even the press being generally hopeful of a peaceful settlement.

The note Minister Woodford presented is practically a repetition of the one presented in September, which, in the interests of humanity, asked Spain for an immediate cessation of hostilities in Cuba. Upon Spain's reply to this matter hinges the conference held at the presidency, at which Senor Sagasta, the premier, Senor Gullon, the foreign minister, Senor Moret, the minister for the colonies, and General Woodford were present, and at which it had been hoped a decision would be reached.

"Both governments are absolutely agreed as to the desirability of a settlement," said a diplomat. "But the tension is so great between the two that it would only take a little further strain to split the hawser."

VILE HARBOR THIEVES BLEW UP THE MAINE.

The Anonymous Letter Revealing the Plotters and Those Who Likely Were Their Agents.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—An interesting feature of the Maine testimony, issued from the government printing

In Muralla street they tell me was the place where the business was arranged with Messrs. Garcia Corujedo, Villaso, Marbona and others, whom I do not remember. The man who is arrested is being administered morphine constantly to see if he will die and not give evidence, so as not, as they express it, to spoil the affair after it has come off so much to their taste.

I certify that the above is a true copy. (Signed) A. MARIN, Lieutenant Commander U. S. Navy and Judge Advocate.

Drain, the consular clerk, stated in his evidence, that an effort was made to ascertain the authenticity of this letter, although the consulate was handicapped, having no secret service fund. Witness discovered, however, that the name Pepe Taco must have been a mistake, as the man mentioned had died a few days before the explosion took place. Witness thought the name should have been Pepe Barquin, who had died a couple days after the explosion.

JENKINS' BODY BURIED.

The Dead Maine Hero Laid to Rest in Allegheny, After Fitting Ceremonies.

PITTSBURG, March 30.—Lieutenant Friend W. Jenkins' body arrived here this morning. The coffin was received by a detail of naval reserves. With a squadron of police as escort, it was carried to the Allegheny City postoffice. There the body lay in state in the main corridor for a time. Then the naval reserves formally took charge. In a hearse drawn by four black horses it was conveyed to the courthouse.

The Eighteenth and Fourteenth regiments and other military bodies then accompanied the remains to Christ Episcopal church, Allegheny, where services were held, and then to Uniondale cemetery, where the body was interred. Volleys were fired over the grave. Bells tolled in the two cities during the ceremonies.

A public demonstration will occur tonight in Carnegie hall, Allegheny.

The principal theater in Havana, the Tacon, was built by convict labor.

THE SENATE AROUSED.

Strong Resolutions For Cuba Introduced.

WAR DECLARATION BY RAWL

Allen, Foraker and Frye Offered Resolutions Looking to Independence in the Island—Senator Mason Made a Fire-Brand Speech—Said He Was For War.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Interest in the Cuban situation—the interest might almost be termed excitement, so intense was it—has reached a climax in the senate.

Thousands of people flocked to the capitol, only a few of whom, comparatively, could gain admission to the galleries.

Within five minutes after the senate convened Mr. Allen (Neb.) introduced a resolution recognizing the independence of the Cuban republic. This was followed by a resolution proposed by Mr. Rawlins (Utah) declaring war against the kingdom of Spain.

Mr. Foraker (O.) then introduced a resolution declaring for such intervention in Cuba as would bring about the independence of the Cubans. Following this came a resolution by Mr. Frye (Me.) demanding that Cuba be made free.

The resolutions followed one another so rapidly as almost to stun the auditors, both senators and spectators. The galleries were in a commotion and the people were prepared for anything.

This was the condition when the vice president recognized Mr. Mason (Ill.) for his announced speech on the president's message transmitting to congress the finding of the Maine court of inquiry. Mr. Mason read his speech from manuscript, but it was delivered with all the vigor and fire of which he is capable. The intensity of the feeling of those in the galleries was evidenced by the storm of applause which was elicited by his declaration that he was for war.

President Hobart had real difficulty in suppressing the demonstration.

Mr. Mason in the course of his speech said:

For two years the process of imprisonment of the reconcentrados and their starvation has proceeded, yet anyone who dared to call attention to the fact has had to withstand the assaults of those controlling the press, who denied in their editorial columns the news they printed in their news columns. Thousands had been starved, millions of dollars of our legitimate commerce has been swept from the high seas and the man who worships the eagle on the dollar and does not see the eagle on his flag says, be silent, think of the horrors of war and the dangers to business.

When the order of concentration came they cooped at least 800 American citizens with the reconcentrados and refused to allow them to go out and earn a legitimate and honest living. It amounted to imprisonment, we claimed so at the time, yet so many professed not to believe it until the honorable senator from Vermont described the dead line and the gun of the Spanish soldier that kept the reconcentrados together. Any other self-respecting nation in the world would have ordered their release and better treatment, or they would have opened the gates of hell on Moro castle. This government, however, upon the suggestion of the president, took \$50,000 of the people's money out of the treasury of the United States and begged permission of Spain the poor privilege of feeding our citizens American bread on Spanish soil.

The battleship Maine, our gallant ship, went down, and 268 of our gallant citizen sailors with her. At the time every citizen of the United States, familiar with Spanish character, felt confident it was Spanish treachery. Our ship was there by right of custom, tendered hospitality and also by treaty contract she had an absolute right to be there. The day closed and she rode the harbor a messenger of peace.

The night came on, a dark, a gloomy night, natural and proper time for Spanish bravery. Our men were asleep in a friendly harbor, they were never challenged to try their courage. They were not whipped in honorable battle, but choked, burned, strangled and drowned without a chance to die fighting for life, without a moment to say a prayer.

In the twinkling of an eye they stood in the presence of their maker. Suppose 90 of them had been United States senators, suppose the balance had been members of congress or made up of judges and leading professional and business men, would 40 days have elapsed before war began, or suppose each senator had a son or a father there? Do we tell our children the truth when we say that the life of every American citizen is of equal value before the law?

Mr. President, I speak only for myself and I am for war. [Applause in the galleries.]

We can hide no longer under the executive wing. He can neither declare war nor refuse it. Congress alone can declare war. I for one am ready to vote now. You may continue to cry peace, peace, but there can be no peace while Europeans own and butcher their slaves on the same continent where our flag floats. But there are those who say that the court does not fix the responsibility. It was not necessary, the "peace at any price" men cannot escape so. The law fixes the responsibility. We were in Spanish waters and over Spanish soil. The harbor is owned by Spain. The explosives in that harbor were owned and controlled by Spain.

If it was a torpedo, it was a Spanish torpedo; if it was a mine, it was a Spanish mine, no explosives have been on sale in Havana for over a year to private citizens; if it was gun cotton it was Spanish gun cotton, and if it was dynamite, it was Spanish dynamite. The power to explode it was controlled by Spain.

There'll
Be a Lot

O' people that'll want to come out this spring in shoes that are "dead swell," but they won't want to pay a great big price for 'em. Now we have the right shoes for these people. Prices to suit the people. Elegant tan shoes, all styles. Prices \$1.50 start at -

W. H. GASS,

220 Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

TO BE BUILT THIS YEAR

That Road to Lisbon an Active Probability.

AN ATTORNEY IN NEW YORK

Completing Details and Traffic Arrangements—Work Will Be Commenced as Soon as He Can Make His Report to the Parties in Cleveland.

The NEWS REVIEW today received information from a source, whose reliability cannot be doubted, that the Lisbon and East Liverpool railroad project is as lively as ever, and arrangements are now being made which will undoubtedly result in the building of the line within the next few months.

Mr. Monaghan and Mr. Head, who were here for some time last summer, and took up a great deal of right of way along the line, have been very active the past few weeks. Their attorney has been in New York for a month looking into the matter of traffic arrangements with other roads, and a report is daily expected from him. Upon the result of his mission depends the fate of the road, but it is generally believed that it will be successful. So firm are the gentlemen mentioned in their belief the line will be built that something is expected to drop very soon. Arrangements are all made, and if matters develop as are expected work can commence at once. The arrangements have all been made, and the company can begin work on short notice. It is known that close friends of the gentlemen mentioned expect the line to be built during the coming summer.

There is a whisper that the road will not enter East Liverpool by way of East End, but it does not come from the source which says positively the line will be constructed within the next few months.

RISE SLOWLY.

Packets Have Again Resumed Their Regular Trips.

The river during the night rose rapidly, and the marks at the wharf at noon today registered 21 feet and rising slowly.

The packets have again resumed operations. The Virginia will be down and the Ben Hur will be up at 11 o'clock tonight. The Kanawha passed down last night and had a good trip from this port.

During the last four days 126 coal boats, 88 barges and five fuel boats have passed this port for the south. This aggregates over 4,200,000 bushels of coal. The amount will be increased before the week ends, as several boats now on their way up will take out tows.

The Keystone State is being thoroughly overhauled in Pittsburg, and will not be down for several weeks.

A Wild Ride.

Yesterday afternoon a wheelman had a wild ride down Broadway and wound up by taking a header at the foot of the hill. He escaped injury, but his wheel was badly damaged.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Prosperous Season Expected.

The musical director has not yet been engaged.

HERO OF THE MAINE.

FATHER JOHN CHIDWICK, THE LOST SHIP'S "SKY PILOT."

He Was the Beloved Companion of the Crew of the Ill Fated Vessel—His Keen Wit and Cheerful Disposition—How He Tenderly Cared For His Boys.

And while we are about this hero business the horror of the Maine disaster among other things demonstrated just what kind of a man a good priest can be when the exigencies of war call him out to do his all. The hero priest of the Maine is Father John Chidwick, the "sky pilot" of the lost ship.

Father John, they call him in an affectionate way. Ranking as a lieutenant because of his holy office, he was as much an able seaman or a landsman as he was an officer, and the sturdy fellows of the crew were even more fond of him than the men of the wardroom. It is not often that a "sky pilot" is a popular personage aboard a man-of-war. He is a man of peace and he is the tyrant of Sundays. He interferes with the free living pleasures of "the boys" of the crew, and he is generally a disturber of liberties in so far as a sailor in port will permit of his liberties being disturbed.

So the chaplain is not a person of loving kindness to the average crew, and that is one peculiarity of the navy which brings Father John out in bold relief. The bluejackets liked Father John before the Maine disaster was a terrible fact and they love him now—love him with that devotion which comes to men who meet a common danger like men, love him for his tenderness, for his constancy, for his contempt of peril, for the glad hope which he held out to the fellows who lay dying in agony with the curse of hate upon their scarred lips.

Father Chidwick is an athlete as well as a priest. He could do things about the ship which the best men among the sailors could not do, and from the first day of his service among the bluejackets he was regarded by them as somewhat of a personage. He feared nothing material and that endeared him to the men. When some unlucky seaman would come back to the ship from shore leave with a black eye and a broken nose and a shattered nervous system, it was the athletic chaplain who consoled



FATHER JOHN CHIDWICK.

with him, listened to his account of the fight and cautioned him against a repetition of his trouble. Somehow they knew, these reckless daredevils of the navy, that the "sky pilot" was a good man to tie to, and so, for the knowledge, they listened to him when he talked, were suppliant to him when he counseled and were respectful to him always, as a man first and then as an officer and a priest.

Then this parson militant had friends in the wardroom. His wit was as keen, his tongue as ready and his laugh as merry as ever rang over a mess table. He can tell a good story, he can parry and fence with the clever men of the land who gather as guests about the navy tables. Father John was the brightest of the bright men who used to drink wine and crack jokes over the board of the Maine. And then when disaster came in the midst of peace, when the white ship shivered with the spasm of death, lurched and went down with a hundred of "the boys" confined under her steel, this John Chidwick, the priest of God, stood by like a sailor and a gentleman, leaving the ship only when his officer commanded. He cheered the living to live on; he blessed the mortal passing with his last breath of pain into immortality. He hung about the wounded until the closing moment and then took the boat for the shore, to meet there the grim duties which awaited him.

Father John put himself to his labors. He hung about the wreck of the ship and named the dead as they were found. He spent nights at the wharfs, meeting the bodies as they were towed in, and gave personality to the shapeless things which were presented to him. He walked the lanes of pain in the hospitals and said good things to his "boys" in their extremity of agony. He slept not at all, he worked hard. He sent messages to anxious American hearts. He took messages from them to the blackened things which lay upon the coots. He knelt beside cot after cot and

prayed with fellows who had gone out of the vigor of pulsing life into the nothingness of a maimed, unrecognizable, moaning mass of flesh and bone.

He did all this without plaint or pause. When the end came, and he had given all he could give, this hero of the Maine, strong of figure and pleasing of face, said: "My work here is done. What shall it be now?" And the nobility of it all touched America as it touched the men who wear the uniform, and there is one "sky pilot" who will live wherever ships sail. He is John Chidwick.—Charles E. Trevathan in New York Journal.

RIVAL OF HOLLAND BOAT.

Thomas Pratt Has Fitted Four Wings to His Novel Diving Vessel.

Thomas Pratt of Clinton, N. J., has nearly completed a novel craft. She is 28 feet over all, 5 feet in beam, and her draft is 4 feet 3 inches. When floating, she is similar in some respects to the Holland submarine torpedo boat. Her sinking and rising are controlled by what Mr. Pratt terms "friction wings," of which there are four, one forward and one aft of the port bow and stern and the same on the starboard bow and stern.

No rudder is used on this boat, as the wings take its place. Twin engines develop about 12 horsepower. The boiler is of a new type, the inventor's chief idea in the boat, and it is his secret. The boiler not only supplies pressure for the engine, but provides fresh air to the crew.

When the boat is about to be submerged, according to Mr. Pratt, she takes in sufficient water ballast to almost sink her. This ballast can be taken aboard in a minute, and the friction wheels do the rest. The wheel is of the outward twist type.

The boat is fitted with dynamo and storage battery for submerged use and a powerful searchlight, which can be used above or below water. The speed of this boat, it is said, will be about 12 knots an hour and eight knots when submerged.—New York World.

BANK FOR DAWSON CITY.

Arrangements With the Canadian Government For Its Protection.

The provisions of the agreement between the Canadian government and the Bank of Commerce under which the bank establishes a branch at Dawson City have recently been made public. The banking house will be within the inclosure of the mounted police, and the officers of the bank will travel in company with and under the protection of any detachment of mounted police which may be en route.

Regarding the shipment of gold to the coast, the government is, when requested, to provide within Canadian territory a police escort therewith, but this must not be oftener than once in four months, the amount of shipment to be not less than \$5,000,000. The government at the same time does not hold itself liable for the safety of the gold against robbery.

The agreement further provides that when the owner of gold subject to royalty pays that royalty to the bank and sells the remainder of his gold or part of it to the bank he shall be entitled to receive bank drafts payable in any part of Canada, New York, Chicago or San Francisco, and no deduction is to be made for the drafts, it being understood that the charges will be paid back by the government out of the royalties.—New York Sun.

SPANISH OBJECTED TO.

St. Louis Citizens Declare Opposition to Teaching It in the High School.

One thousand taxpayers, and citizens of St. Louis have manifested earnest opposition to the teaching of Spanish in the high school. They met the other night at Harugari hall, and the next day a formal protest was signed by those who had attended the meeting and several hundred more. Some of the reasons of the protest are as follows:

"It would be contrary to public policy and public right; it would be contrary to the system and genius of our country; it would be un-American and would cause an unnecessary expense."

C. A. Campbell and Lewis Bloch sign the protest as chairman and secretary of the mass meeting.

Bruce's Views on Mixing Races.

Register Bruce's death recalls the fact that he could never be induced to pay any attention to white women who linked their lives in matrimony with colored men. There were two notable cases of the kind, in one of which a colored Moses married a white woman who was employed in his office, and in the other a colored physician persisted in going outside of his own race for a wife. Both men were prominent in the councils of the Afro-Americans, but this made no difference to Bruce, who was almost white himself. If they had married decent colored women, it would have been all right, according to his ideas, but when they persisted in taking white women for wives he drew the line and would neither receive visits from them nor permit a wife to visit them.—Chicago Tribune.

A Drop Too Much.

Scientists say that strawberries are 91 per cent water. They are rather expensive as a beverage at this season of the year.—Boston Traveler.

STAR BargainStore

New Spring Goods.

We are getting new spring goods every day in all our departments, which we are selling at prices not to be matched anywhere in the city. It is to your interest to look at our line before buying.

New Dress Goods.

We have the greatest line of dress goods in the city, and the way we are selling the same shows that we have the right styles at the right prices. Our new line of black goods is especially strong in poplins, crepons, serges and other weaves, and our prices are fully one-quarter less than elsewhere.

Note the following special few items from a great many others just as good:

Bayadere dress goods, the latest fad out, in all shades; also in black, worth 75c; our price 49c.

Covert cloths, and several other new lines, every one worth 75c, for 50c.

45 inch poplins and covers, in all colors, cheap at \$1. for 75c. Black crepon cheap at \$1.25; our price 98c.

Linings and Trimmings.

We just got in the latest patterns of taffetta lining, in Roman stripes, on which we will save you a good deal. We also have the best line of taffetta lining in plain colors and stripings. Our line of new braids, in plain and fancy, is not to be found anywhere, and our low prices will surprise you. 25 new patterns in braid and jet fronts—bought direct from the best manufacturers and importers in New York city, on which we will save you fully one-third. You will do well to look at our line before buying.

Muslin Underwear.

We sold more underwear in the last month than we ever did in three months time, and no wonder, when we sell such good made garments at prices less than you can buy the material alone. Another new shipment in this week.

Other Things of Great Interest to You.

New dress skirts, new silk waists, the latest shades in kid gloves in lace, button and 3 clasps, new lace curtains, new silk and cloth capes, new percales, new madras, gingham, new tam o'shanter, and a great many other new things which we have no room to enumerate, but come and see them for yourself.

STAR BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

Come and see our new line of Swiss embroidered scarfs, pillow shams, stand covers and tablecloths which we imported ourselves; so we can save you fully one-third.

There'll
Be a Lot

O' people that'll want to come out this spring in shoes that are "dead swell," but they won't want to pay a great big price for 'em. Now we have the right shoes for these people. Prices to suit the people. Elegant tan shoes, all styles. Prices \$1.50 start at -

W. H. GASS,

220 Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

TO BE BUILT THIS YEAR

That Road to Lisbon an Active Probability.

AN ATTORNEY IN NEW YORK

Completing Details and Traffic Arrangements—Work Will Be Commenced as Soon as He Can Make His Report to the Parties in Cleveland.

The NEWS REVIEW today received information from a source, whose reliability cannot be doubted, that the Lisbon and East Liverpool railroad project is as lively as ever, and arrangements are now being made which will undoubtedly result in the building of the line within the next few months.

Mr. Monaghan and Mr. Head, who were here for some time last summer, and took up a great deal of right of way along the line, have been very active the past few weeks. Their attorney has been in New York for a month looking into the matter of traffic arrangements with other roads, and a report is daily expected from him. Upon the result of his mission depends the fate of the road, but it is generally believed that it will be successful. So firm are the gentlemen mentioned in their belief the line will be built that something is expected to drop very soon. Arrangements are all made, and if matters develop as are expected work can commence at once. The arrangements have all been made, and the company can begin work on short notice. It is known that close friends of the gentlemen mentioned expect the line to be built during the coming summer.

There is a whisper that the road will not enter East Liverpool by way of East End, but it does not come from the source which says positively the line will be constructed within the next few months.

RIISING SLOWLY.

Packets Have Again Resumed Their Regular Trips.

The river during the night rose rapidly, and the marks at the wharf at noon today registered 21 feet and rising slowly.

The packets have again resumed operations. The Virginia will be down and the Ben Hur will be up at 11 o'clock tonight. The Kanawha passed down last night and had a good trip from this port.

During the last four days 126 coal boats, 88 barges and five fuel boats have passed this port for the south. This aggregates over 4,200,000 bushels of coal. The amount will be increased before the week ends, as several boats now on their way up will take out tows.

The Keystone State is being thoroughly overhauled in Pittsburg, and will not be down for several weeks.

A Wild Ride.

Yesterday afternoon a wheelman had a wild ride down Broadway and wound up by taking a header at the foot of the hill. He escaped injury, but his wheel was badly damaged.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Prosperous Season Expected.

Ground have almost all been rented, and the season bids fair to be very successful. The musical director has not yet been engaged.

HERO OF THE MAINE.

FATHER JOHN CHIDWICK, THE LOST SHIP'S "SKY PILOT."

He Was the Beloved Companion of the Crew of the Ill Fated Vessel—His Keen Wit and Cheerful Disposition—How He Tenderly Cared For His Boys.

And while we are about this hero business the horror of the Maine disaster among other things demonstrated just what kind of a man a good priest can be when the exigencies of war call him out to do his all. The hero priest of the Maine is Father John Chidwick, the "sky pilot" of the lost ship.

Father John, they call him in an affectionate way. Ranking as a lieutenant because of his holy office, he was as much an able seaman or a landsman as he was an officer, and the sturdy fellows of the crew were even more fond of him than the men of the wardroom. It is not often that a "sky pilot" is a popular personage aboard a man-of-war. He is a man of peace and he is the tyrant of Sundays. He interferes with the free living pleasures of "the boys" of the crew, and he is generally a disturber of liberties in so far as a sailor in port will permit of his liberties being disturbed.

So the chaplain is not a person of loving kindness to the average crew, and that is one peculiarity of the navy which brings Father John out in bold relief. The bluejackets liked Father John before the Maine disaster was a terrible fact and they love him now—love him with that devotion which comes to men who meet a common danger like men, love him for his tenderness, for his constancy, for his contempt of peril, for the glad hope which he held out to the fellows who lay dying in agony with the curse of hate upon their scarred lips.

Father Chidwick is an athlete as well as a priest. He could do things about the ship which the best men among the sailors could not do, and from the first day of his service among the bluejackets he was regarded by them as somewhat of a personage. He feared nothing material and that endeared him to the men. When some unlucky seaman would come back to the ship from shore leave with a black eye and a broken nose and a shattered nervous system, it was the athletic chaplain who consoled



FATHER JOHN CHIDWICK.

with him, listened to his account of the fight and cautioned him against a repetition of his trouble. Somehow they knew, these reckless daredevils of the navy, that the "sky pilot" was a good man to tie to, and so, for the knowledge, they listened to him when he talked, were suppliant to him when he counseled and were respectful to him always, as a man first and then as an officer and a priest.

Then this parson militant had friends in the wardroom. His wit was as keen, his tongue as ready and his laugh as merry as ever rang over a mess table. He can tell a good story, he can parry and fence with the clever men of the land who gather as guests about the navy tables. Father John was the brightest of the bright men who used to drink wine and crack jokes over the board of the Maine. And then when disaster came in the midst of peace; when the white ship shivered with the spasm of death, lurched and went down with a hundred of "the boys" confined under her steel, this John Chidwick, the priest of God, stood by like a sailor and a gentleman, leaving the ship only when his officer commanded. He cheered the living to live on; he blessed the mortal passing with his last breath of pain into immortality. He hung about the wounded until the closing moment and then took the boat for the shore, to meet there the grim duties which awaited him.

Father John put himself to his labors. He hung about the wreck of the ship and named the dead as they were found. He spent nights at the wharfs, meeting the bodies as they were towed in, and gave personality to the shapeless things which were presented to him. He walked the lanes of pain in the hospitals and said good things to his "boys" in their extremity of agony. He slept not at all, he worked never. He sent messages to anxious American hearts. He took messages from them to the blackened things which lay upon the coots. He knelt beside oot after oot and

prayed with fellows who had gone out of the vigor of pulsing life into the nothingness of a maimed, unrecognizable, moaning mass of flesh and bone.

He did all this without plaint or pause. When the end came, and he had given all he could give, this hero of the Maine, strong of figure and pleasing of face, said: "My work here is done. What shall it be now?" And the nobility of it all touched America as it touched the men who wear the uniform, and there is one "sky pilot" who will live wherever ships sail. He is John Chidwick.—Charles E. Trevathan in New York Journal.

RIVAL OF HOLLAND BOAT.

Thomas Pratt Has Fitted Four Wings to His Novel Diving Vessel.

Thomas Pratt of Clinton, N. J., has nearly completed a novel craft. She is 28 feet over all, 5 feet in beam, and her draft is 4 feet 3 inches. When floating, she is similar in some respects to the Holland submarine torpedo boat. Her sinking and rising are controlled by what Mr. Pratt terms "friction wings," of which there are four, one forward and one aft of the port bow and stern and the same on the starboard bow and stern.

No rudder is used on this boat, as the wings take its place. Twin engines develop about 12 horsepower. The boiler is of a new type, the inventor's chief idea in the boat, and it is his secret. The boiler not only supplies pressure for the engine, but provides fresh air to the crew.

When the boat is about to be submerged, according to Mr. Pratt, she takes in sufficient water ballast to almost sink her. This ballast can be taken aboard in a minute, and the friction wheels do the rest. The wheel is of the outward twist type.

The boat is fitted with dynamo and storage battery for submerged use and a powerful searchlight, which can be used above or below water. The speed of this boat, it is said, will be about 12 knots an hour and eight knots when submerged.—New York World.

BANK FOR DAWSON CITY.

Arrangements With the Canadian Government For Its Protection.

The provisions of the agreement between the Canadian government and the Bank of Commerce under which the bank establishes a branch at Dawson City have recently been made public. The banking house will be within the inclosure of the mounted police, and the officers of the bank will travel in company with and under the protection of any detachment of mounted police which may be en route.

Regarding the shipment of gold to the coast, the government is, when requested, to provide within Canadian territory a police escort therewith, but this must not be oftener than once in four months, the amount of shipment to be not less than \$5,000,000. The government at the same time does not hold itself liable for the safety of the gold against robbery.

The agreement further provides that when the owner of gold subject to royalty pays that royalty to the bank and sells the remainder of his gold or part of it to the bank he shall be entitled to receive bank drafts payable in any part of Canada, New York, Chicago or San Francisco, and no deduction is to be made for the drafts, it being understood that the charges will be paid back by the government out of the royalties.—New York Sun.

SPANISH OBJECTED TO.

St. Louis Citizens Declare Opposition to Teaching It in the High School.

One thousand taxpayers, and citizens of St. Louis have manifested earnest opposition to the teaching of Spanish in the high school. They met the other night at Harugari hall, and the next day a formal protest was signed by those who had attended the meeting and several hundred more. Some of the reasons of the protest are as follows:

"It would be contrary to public policy and public right; it would be contrary to the system and genius of our country; it would be un-American and would cause an unnecessary expense."

C. A. Campbell and Lewis Bloch sign the protest as chairman and secretary of the mass meeting.

Bruce's Views on Mixing Races.

Register Bruce's death recalls the fact that he could never be induced to pay any attention to white women who linked their lives in matrimony with colored men. There were two notable cases of the kind, in one of which a colored Moses married a white woman who was employed in his office, and in the other a colored physician persisted in going outside of his own race for a wife. Both men were prominent in the councils of the Afro-Americans, but this made no difference to Bruce, who was almost white himself. If they had married decent colored women, it would have been all right, according to his ideas, but when they persisted in taking white women for wives he drew the line and would neither receive visits from them nor permit a wife to visit them.—Chicago Tribune.

A Drop Too Much.

Scholars say that schoolboys are 91 per cent water. They are rather expensive as a beverage at this season of the year.—Boston Traveler.

STAR BargainStore

New Spring Goods.

We are getting new spring goods every day in all our departments, which we are selling at prices not to be matched anywhere in the city. It is to your interest to look at our line before buying.

New Dress Goods.

We have the greatest line of dress goods in the city, and the way we are selling the same shows that we have the right styles at the right prices. Our new line of black goods is especially strong in poplins, crepons, serges and other weaves, and our prices are fully one-quarter less than elsewhere.

Note the following special few items from a great many others just as good:

Bayadere dress goods, the latest fad out, in all shades; also in black, worth 75c; our price 49c.

Covert cloths, and several other new lines, every one worth 75c, for 50c.

45 inch poplins and covers, in all colors, cheap at \$1. for 75c. Black crepon cheap at \$1.25; our price 98c.

Linings and Trimmings.

We just got in the latest patterns of taffetta lining, in Roman stripes, on which we will save you a good deal. We also have the best line of taffetta lining in plain colors and stripings. Our line of new braids, in plain and fancy, is not to be found anywhere, and our low prices will surprise you. 25 new patterns in braid and jet fronts—bought direct from the best manufacturers and importers in New York city, on which we will save you fully one-third. You will do well to look at our line before buying.

Muslin Underwear.

We sold more underwear in the last month than we ever did in three months time, and no wonder, when we sell such good made garments at prices less than you can buy the material alone. Another new shipment in this week.

Other Things of Great Interest to You.

New dress skirts, new silk waists, the latest shades in kid gloves in lace, button and 3 clasps, new lace curtains, new silk and cloth capes, new percales, new madras, gingham, new tam oshanters, and a great many other new things which we have no room to enumerate, but come and see them for yourself.

STAR BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

Come and see our new line of Swiss embroidered scarfs, pillow shams, stand covers and list of which we imported ourselves; so we can save you fully one-third.

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He certainly has precedents, but they are very poor props on which to lean, almost as poor as has had any candidate in the history of East Liverpool. The father of his country, it will be remembered, refused a third term, but that was probably because of his insignificance, and had he lived in this progressive age he no doubt would have held to the reins of government, and not have gone home to hunt squirrels. The Crisis, with its mighty (?) "hand," has never told us about Mr. Gilbert's hunting qualifications, but it has spoken of him as being a good fisherman. Suckers seem at present to be the most palatable to him, and he, no doubt, is using plenty of the right kind of bait.

Mr. Gilbert, if I am correctly informed, was until four years ago a modest kilnhand, contented at the thought that he might some day wear an assistant moral corrector's uniform (his name at that time being hung up in the marshal's office), but conditions changing and feeling it a pity that so much brain and so little power were to be blended, he, after mature deliberation, ran for the office where he has had a wide field to display his talents. That he has a judicial mind no one will question, as his silent eloquence is the very essence of justice, law and dignity. That he has exercised rare judgment in appointments is also true. Knowing that it required the most rugged to perform the duty of assistant moral correctors, he selected from that most hardy branch of potters, namely the kilnmen, (all honor to them as a body), but it is hard to convince the average clay worker that he is not fully qualified to look after the interests of his fellow man. He will at least feel he is entitled to some representation, knowing his branch outnumbers the other at least four to one.

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"The rustling leaves can only live
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Must have its rest, therefore it stands
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"Gentlemen, I am sorry to find that some one member of this body has been so neglectful of the secrets of the convention as to drop in the statehouse a copy of their proceedings, which by accident, was picked up and delivered to me this morning. I must entreat gentlemen to be more careful, lest our transactions get into the newspapers and disturb the public repose by premature speculations. I know not whose paper it is, but there it is (throwing it down on the table). Let him who owns it take it up. At some time he bowed, picked up his hat and quitted the room with a dignity so severe that every person seemed alarmed. For my part, I was

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FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

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Shoes, reduced from \$2.50.

\$2.90 for Men's Box Calf, Enamel and Winter Russet
Shoes, reduced from \$4.00.

\$1.48 for Ladies Vici Kid Button and Lace Shoes,
Vesting cloth and Kid Tops, Patent Leather
and Kid Tips, all sizes, all widths.

75c for Misses and Children's Shoes, worth double.

BENDHEIM'S.

10 DAYS MORE

OF

KINSEY'S

Great Discount Sale,
All First Class Goods.

On all up-to-date 1898 Papers.

5 per cent off papers 5 to 10c.

10 " " " 11 to 15c.

12 " " " 16 to 20c.

15 " " " 22 to 50c.

White Back papers match Border and
Ceiling, 1897.

2c grade paper, now 1c.

5c " " 2½c.

10c " " 5c.

15c " " 7½c.

25c " " 12½c.

Job Lots 15 to 35c paper, at 4-5-6c.

DON'T MISS THIS GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

IN THE KINSEY'S E. LIVERPOOL,
DIAMOND, OHIO.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and
the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disap-
point. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

NO SPECIAL GRAND JURY.

Court Will Probably Adjourn Next
Friday.

Lisbon, March 30.—[Special]—No
special grand jury will be called for this
term as has been announced in a num-
ber of county papers. It was news to
the legal fraternity that the prosecutor
could call a special jury as it must be
called by order of the common pleas
court.

The petit jury will be excused for this
term this afternoon, and court will prob-
ably adjourn on Friday.

The case of Treasurer Cameron against
Hannah Wyllie was dismissed at plain-
tiff's cost.

The First National bank of Liverpool
got judgment against Stephen Moore for
\$2500. The bank also got judgment com-
pany, W. L. Smith, J. E. McDonald and
E. D. Marshall for \$936.

Rothchild Bros. took judgment
against Samuel Whittenberger for \$500.

A. R. Scott & Co. got judgment
against F. B. Chambers for \$340.
Anna Massey, of Liverpool, wants a
divorce from Henry Massey, wilful ab-
sence is the cause.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mrs. Frank Allen and child spent
the day at Neil station.

—G. Bendheim spent the afternoon
in Pittsburg on business.

—Herbert Johnson, of Fifth street,
spent the day in Pittsburg.

—W. T. Smith was an Alliance visitor
today. He was there on business.

—T. O. Smith and wife, of New Cum-
berland, spent yesterday visiting friends
in this city.

—Misses Blanche and Carrie Stapleton
and Miss Gertrude Bradley left today
for a visit with friends in Pittsburg.

—Miss Minnie Brown, of Toronto, who
has been spending several days in the
city, returned home this morning.

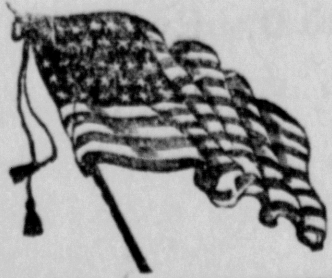
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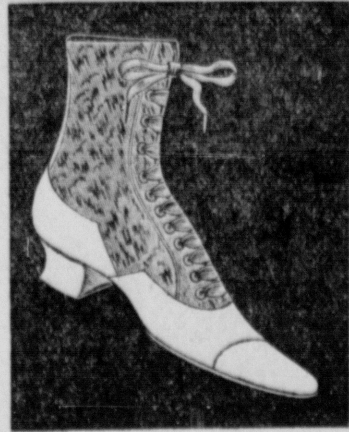
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KINSEY'S
Great Discount Sale,
All First Class Goods.

On all up-to-date 1898 Papers.

5 per cent off papers 5 to 10c.

10 " " " 11 to 15c.

12 " " " 16 to 20c.

15 " " " 22 to 50c.

White Back papers match Border and
Ceiling, 1897.

2c grade paper, now 1c.

5c " " 2½c.

10c " " 5c.

15c " " 7½c.

25c " " 12½c.

Job Lots 15 to 35c paper, at 4-5-6c.

DON'T MISS THIS GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

IN THE KINSEY'S E. LIVERPOOL,
DIAMOND, OHIO.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and
the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disap-
point. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

NO SPECIAL GRAND JURY.

Court Will Probably Adjourn Next
Friday.

LISBON, March 30.—[Special]—No
special grand jury will be called for this
term as has been announced in a num-
ber of county papers. It was news to
the legal fraternity that the prosecutor
could call a special jury as it must be
called by order of the common pleas
court.

The petit jury will be excused for this
term this afternoon, and court will prob-
ably adjourn on Friday.

The case of Treasurer Cameron against
Hannah Wylie was dismissed at plain-
tiff's cost.

The First National bank of Liverpool
got judgment against Stephen Moore for
\$2,000, and East Liverpool Bridge com-
pany, W. L. Smith, J. E. McDonald and
E. D. Marshall for \$936.

Rothchild Bros. took judgment
against Samuel Whittenberger for \$500.

A. R. Scott & Co., got judgment
against F. B. Chambers for \$340.

Anna Massey, of Liverpool, wants a
divorce from Henry Massey, wilful ab-
sence is the cause.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mrs. Frank Allen and child spent
the day at Neil station.

—G. Bendheim spent the afternoon
in Pittsburg on business.

—Herbert Johnson, of Fifth street,
spent the day in Pittsburg.

—W. T. Smith was an Alliance visitor
today. He was there on business.

—T. O. Smith and wife, of New Cum-
berland, spent yesterday visiting friends
in this city.

—Misses Blanche and Carrie Stapleton
and Miss Corrynda Bradley left today

for a visit with friends in Pittsburg.

—Miss Minnie Brown, of Toronto, who
has been spending several days in the
city, returned home this morning.

BRYAN CASE GOES OVER

Because an Amended Petition Was Filed.

CHANGING SIZE OF THE PULLEY

Many Witnesses For the Plaintiff Had Been Heard, and the Defense Was Well Started When the Introduction of the Document Changed All Plans.

LISBON, March 30.—[Special].—The case of Bryan versus the Burford Bros. Pottery company occupied all of yesterday afternoon.

The plaintiff filed an amended petition, which, the defendants thought, so changed the status of the case as to make it impossible for them to make safely proceed at this time. The case was therefore continued at the cost of the plaintiff. All the witnesses summoned for the plaintiff had been examined, and four for the defense.

The petition was filed this morning, and is almost like the first. It, however, changes the size of the pulley which will have an important bearing on the case.

The witnesses who testified were F. Palmer, John Cain, William Smith, L. L. Golden, James McLain, W. Andrews, S. H. Debee, Doctor Bailey, Doctor Hobbs, Edward McHenry, Alexander Bryan, John Keeper, John A. Wright, A. Connor, R. M. Hull and W. H. Bryan. The four for the defense were John Scott, Monroe Patterson, Andrew Jackson, Jacob Becker.

In Probate Court.

LISBON, March 30.—[Special].—Thomas Hayes has been appointed administrator of the estate of Daniel McGilvary, of Salineville. Bond, \$3,000.

Marriage licenses were issued to George E. Brian and Carrie Goddard, George Leahr and Lizzie Mohr, Charles Warham and Millie Hartehorn.

WENT TO PITTSBURG.

A Number of Persons Attended the Funeral of Lieutenant Jenkins.

The body of Lieut. F. W. Jenkins, who was killed in the Maine disaster, arrived in Pittsburg at 7 o'clock this morning.

Those who came from Pittsburg say the crowd at the station, when the train arrived, was the largest seen in years. The Naval Reserve had charge of the station, and the military escort was a sight that will long be remembered.

No less than 20 people from this place left on the early train to witness the procession, and one young boy, who was taken to Pittsburg by his father, had a small bouquet of flowers which he said he would throw at the funeral procession as it passed.

GREAT SUCCESS

Is Attending the Efforts of Doctor Marshall in Des Moines.

The following from the Presbyterian Banner will be read with interest by a great many persons in the city:

"At the communion service, March 20, in the Central Presbyterian church of Des Moines, Iowa, of which Rev. A. B. Marshall, D. D., is pastor, 46 persons were received into the church, 30 on profession of faith and 16 by letter; a majority of the former are young men. During the year 99 have been added to the church, making a total of about 400 new members since Doctor Marshall's installation in May, 1894."

MAKING MANY REPAIRS.

The Cleveland and Pittsburg Company Spending Money.

Large forces of men are employed at several places along the Cleveland and Pittsburg repairing the damage caused by the recent floods.

The work of clearing the tracks of earth and rocks that had slipped from above was hastily done last week, and now precautions are being taken that will guard against a repetition of these disastrous happenings. It will cost the company a large amount of money as many men are being employed.

To the Maine.

The following, from the pen of the 12-year-old son of a well known resident, shows how deeply interested are the boys of this place in the great event of the year:

Night settled o'er Havana's bay,
In that harbor our good ship lay.
The battleship Maine, a fighter true,
Waved at her mast the red, white and blue.
Who knew before that night we were
The pride of a nation should be no more.
Were there any on board, who as they slept,
Dreamed of the danger that toward them crept?

Royal makes the food pure,
wholesome and delicious.



WOMEN WILL RALLY.

Meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Hall Tomorrow.

The women of East Liverpool will hold a Grand Rally on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in Young Men's Christian Association Hall, Fifth street, in the interest of clean municipal government. Every woman in the city is invited and urged to be present. Turn out, true women of this city, and give a helping hand for the cause of God and our common humanity. The welfare of father, son, brother or husband may be at stake. Do your duty, and God will bless you.

WOMANHOOD.

HE WANTED WORK

But Found Liverpool Was Full of People.

A young man spent yesterday in the city looking for work. He visited a number of potteries, and upon learning that the places were all filled turned his attention in other directions, but with the same result.

This case is but one of many. There are a large number of strangers in the city and the majority are employed, but even in this busy place there must be a limit.

NO REPAIRS

Will Be Made by the Trustees to the Wells-ville Road.

The township trustees have decided to make no attempt to repair the Wells-ville road, but will notify the county commissioners. Fifty dollars is the amount allowed by law for the trustees to expend on the roads at any one time, and they know this would not be a drop in the bucket when expended on the Wellsville road.

How to Settle It.

Fred B. Sankey, traveling passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, before he left the city yesterday afternoon said:

"You see, it is just like this: This Spanish-American war is bound to come some day, and if the traveling agents, both in the freight and passenger departments, would band together with the newspaper men and go to war, the victory for the United States would be but the matter of a few minutes. The Spaniards could never resist that combination."

Notified a Fast Rider.

Yesterday afternoon a young man on horseback rode through the Diamond at breakneck speed, and the spectators thought the animal was running away, but the rider checked it at the corner of Franklin street and started to return.

Officer Grim saw the performance, and notified the young man if he wanted to ride at that pace he would have to go outside the city limits.

Ben Little Is Better.

Word received from Ben Little, Jr., who is at the Allegheny general hospital undergoing treatment for blood poisoning, states that he is slightly better. The attending physicians will do all in their power to save his leg, but are not yet able to tell whether it will be necessary to amputate it to save his life.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Why Trains Are Late.

All trains on the Cleveland and Pittsburg road have been given orders to run slow over the track at the flint mill where the delay is making improvements. It is this that causes many of the trains to be late, as some are compelled to come to a standstill.

SPANISH WARSHIPS

Have Left Spain For the Canary Islands.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—[Special].—The greatest excitement was caused at the navy department today by the arrival of a dispatch which said that a number of Spanish warships had left Spain this morning for the Canary islands. It is generally conceded that the crisis is at hand.

A DIFFERENCE

Exists In the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—[Special].—The senate committee on foreign relations failed to agree on any one of the Cuban resolutions, but referred the whole matter to a sub-committee, and then adjourned at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The excitement in Washington is intense.

DELAYED THE TRIP

Because One of the Costello Children Was Ill.

Sheriff Gill came to the city last evening for the purpose of taking Patrick and Willie Costello to the industrial home at Lancaster. He found one of the children ill and the trip was delayed until he recovers.

It will be remembered the children were sentenced by Judge Boone for not attending school, but sentence was suspended pending their good behavior. Notice was served several days ago that the boys were not living up to the agreement, and consequently they will go to Lancaster.

MINISTERS' MEETING.

They Talked Business Yesterday, But Will Say Nothing.

The ministers of the city held a meeting in the parlor of the Young Men's Christian association yesterday afternoon. Nothing is being said of the business transacted, but it is known that it was important.

A meeting of the ministers of Wellsville and this place will be held in the Presbyterian church at Wellsville next Monday.

McNicol Got a Contract.

George McNicol this morning received a contract from the New Haven team, but returned it, as he has already signed with Auburn. The New Haven contract was returned unsigned.

John Godwin and George McNicol will leave on April 18 for Utica and Auburn. Charles Davis will leave on the 20th for London, Ont.

Charles Howard left this afternoon to join the Cuban Giants at New York.

Must Repair the Reservoir.

The water works trustees this morning viewed the lower reservoir for the purpose of taking some steps toward repairing the damage caused by the recent heavy rains.

The embankment at the north and west side of the reservoir slipped, and it is thought to be the wisest course to have it fixed at once.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Working In West End.

The street force are today repairing roads in West End and cleaning streets.

The ministers of this city and Wells-ville will hold an important meeting in the Presbyterian church in Wellsville next Monday morning.

New Dwellings.

The erection of four frame dwellings will soon be commenced in East End.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Solid Week, Commencing
MONDAY, MARCH 28.
One Week, Special Visit of the Character Actor.

THOMAS E. SHEA,
And his Clever Company in a Repertoire of Popular Successes.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
The Great Sensational Melo-Drama,

The SLAVES OF SIN
Dramatized Marie Correll's Celebrated Novel, "THE VENDETTA."

Thursday night, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."
Friday night, "Brutus, or the Fall of Tarquin."
Saturday night, "The Fire Patrol."
POPULAR PRICES.

DO YOU NEED A CARPET

THIS SPRING?

If so our variety will please you. People who saw the enormous stock of Carpets we received in January and February thought we were going wild. But we knew our capacity. The Big Store is growing. We knew we would need double what we did last year. Early though it is, trade is confirming our judgment. Our Carpet men are

Busy, Busy, Busy,

Working almost day and night



Cutting, Matching, Making.

THE BIG STORE

Is Selling Carpets Because of Our Great Variety, Low Prices, Close Cutting, Careful Making, Neat Laying, Note the Prices:

Heavy Ingrains-----25c | Part Wool Ingrains--35c
All Wool Ingrains-----40c | High Grade Ingrains--50c

Is it any wonder we are selling stacks when we give prices like above and **CASH OR CREDIT**, as you prefer? See our

Brussels Carpets 55c Per Yd.

CHINA MATTINGS!

The season for this delightful, cheap floor covering is at hand.

OUR STOCK IS LARGE.

We placed our orders before the rise of prices caused by the increased duties, so we can sell you

15c Matting for 10c by the roll,
17½c Matting for 12½c per yd.,
20c Matting, any quantity,
for 15c per yard,

A Great Display Is Our Line of

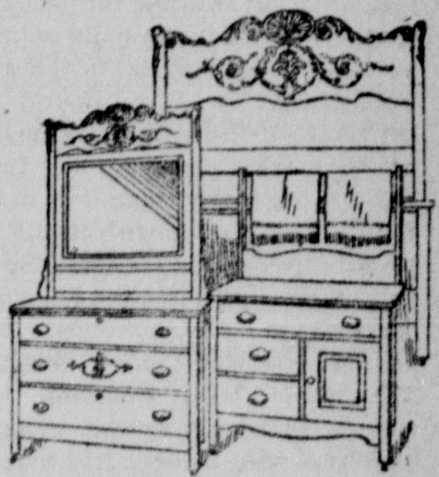
CHAMBER SUITS.

We've got the slickest line of Solid Oak, Beveled Mirror Plate, Handsomely Carved, Swell Front Suits, at **\$25**

Ever shown. We know these will interest you, but if you want something at a less price, how does a 3 Piece, Antique Finish, Large Mirror, Full Size

Chamber Suit for \$16.50

Strike you?



THE BIG STORE

Has Bargains Piled 3 Deep.

THE S. G. HARD CO

McCLAIN WILL CONTEST

He Will Be at the New Board's First Meeting.

ASKING FOR SOME REASONS

Why He Is Deprived of His Office When He Holds a Certificate of Election For Another Year—The Matter Will Go to the Courts For Settlement.

J. C. McClain, the Prohibition member of the board of education representing the Fourth ward, does not propose to abide by the provisions of the Blake law until the courts have convinced him that the ripper is constitutional.

Mr. McClain was elected last spring for two years under the law which gives East Liverpool two members of the board of education for every ward. The Blake bill provides for a board of seven members elected at large, and when it became a law all members of the old board lost their positions. That is the construction placed on the matter; but Mr. McClain says he is still in position, and will be until the certificate of election given him last spring expires. He bases his claim on article II, section 28, of the constitution of Ohio.

"I shall be in my usual place at the meeting," said Mr. McClain to the NEWS REVIEW, "and it will be the duty of the new board or someone who ought to know, to show me why I am to be deprived of office. If necessary the case will go through the courts, for I propose to test the constitutionality of the law. The right is mine, and as an American citizen I will exercise it."

Mr. McClain has been ill for six weeks with grip, but has recovered sufficiently to allow him to leave his room.

A WORD OF ADVICE

To Those Coming to Alaska or the Klondike Gold Fields.

One thing should be impressed upon every miner, prospector or trader coming to Alaska, to the Klondike, or the Yukon country, and that is the necessity for providing an adequate and proper food supply. Whether procured in the states, in the dominion, or at the supply stores here or further on, this must be his primary concern. Upon the manner in which the miner has observed or neglected this precaution more than upon any other one thing will his success or failure depend.

These supplies must be healthful and should be concentrated, but the most careful attention in the selection of foods that will keep unimpaired indefinitely under all the conditions which they will have to encounter is imperative. For instance, as bread raised with baking powder must be relied upon for the chief part of every meal, imagine the helplessness of a miner with a can of spoiled baking powder. Buy only the very best flour; it is the cheapest in the end. Experience has shown the Royal Baking Powder to be the most reliable and the trading companies now uniformly supply this brand, as others will not keep in this climate. Be sure that the bacon is sweet, sound and thoroughly cured. These are the absolute necessities upon which all must place a chief reliance, and can under no circumstances be neglected. They may, of course, be supplemented by as many comforts or delicacies as the prospector may be able to pack or desire to pay for.—From the Alaska Mining Journal.

A book of receipts for all kinds of cookery, which is specially valuable for use upon the trail or in the camp, is published by the Royal Baking Powder company, of New York. The receipts are thoroughly practical, and the methods are carefully explained, so that the inexperienced may, with its aid, readily prepare everything requisite for a good, wholesome meal, or even dainties if he has the necessary materials. The matter is in compact though durable form, the whole book weighing but two ounces. Under a special arrangement, this book will be sent free to miners or others who may desire it. We would recommend that everyone going to the Klondike procure a copy. Address the Royal Baking Powder company, New York.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Well and Favorably Known.

Tod Constans, representing the Chicago & St. Paul road, were in the city on business yesterday afternoon. The gentlemen are well and favorably known in this section.

WONDERFUL EAGLE ROBES.

Boston Men Going to Alaska For Feather Work of Indians.

Three men who recently arrived at Seattle, Wash., from Boston will go to Alaska, but not for gold nuggets. They are after consignments of beautiful eagle down robes made by Chilkat Indians on the Yukon river and such other fine ornamental work as is made only by these ingenious Indians.

The two big trading companies have shipped a few of these eagle down robes within the past few years, but owing to fancy prices and the scarcity the sale has been light. Now there is a demand for them in fashionable circles.

The robes are unique. They are made from the fine down of white eagles. The skins of hundreds of eagles of perfect white are sewed together to make a single blanket. The work is enormous, and the blankets which have been bought from the Indians for a song have been sold in the east for \$500 each.

Colonel John J. Healy, general manager of the North American Trading company, took three of these blankets east two years ago. One of them reached Boston recently and made a sensation among dealers in curios. The result is an expedition for more blankets.

The Chilkats are particularly clever in the manufacture of all beadwork. It is believed that these Indians, who resemble the Japanese to a marked degree, are really descendants of Japanese who crossed the ocean to Alaska hundreds of years ago.—New York World.

BAD LAND FOR THIEVES.

Lashing a Culprit Down the Trail in the Chilkoot Pass.

Mr. H. D. Annable of Montreal has received a letter containing the following description of the way in which justice is meted out in the Chilkoot pass region:

"This is a bad country for a thief. There were two chaps recently tried here for stealing an outfit from a man on top of the summit. They were caught in the act and brought back to Sheep's Head and tried and sentenced to be hanged. The younger of the two, by the name of Wellington, put a gun to his head and finished himself. The other fellow, named Hanson, was tied to a tree, all his clothing taken off and then lashed with two big ropes fastened to a stick. The man who inflicted the punishment was supposed to be the ablest man in the camp. I was close to the affair—so close, in fact, that I had to hold my face back to keep clear of the ropes while he was swinging them. It was a hard looking sight. After they had done this they painted him with the words, 'Thief—Pass Him Along!' and then started him down the trail."

"He had been examined by a doctor before the punishment, and they whipped him until the doctor signaled for them to stop. In almost every place the ropes struck him they drew blood. When a man is caught stealing up here they call a miners' meeting and whatever they agree to do they carry out."—New York Sun.

NEW SUBMARINE BOAT.

Young Gillette's Model, Placed in a Tub, Runs Easily Under the Water.

C. B. Gillette, the 19-year-old son of Otis E. Gillette of Winsted, Conn., who has been working a long time upon a submarine boat, now has a working model and has put it in operation in a large bathtub.

It seems to work in an admirable way. Its submarine machinery is worked by electricity, and its other machinery works by steam generated by naphtha. The little vessel will run under water with decks awash or upon the surface.

Young Gillette has had correspondence with the authorities at Washington upon the subject of his invention and will doubtless soon obtain a patent. He says he can handle the boat easily and supply it with air. He thinks the speed under water should be nine knots an hour.

In some respects his craft resembles the Holland boat, but there are differences in propelling power which he will not reveal just yet.—New York Herald.

Saves His Pension to Pay His Way to War.

An old soldier of Bridgeport, O., received his pension the other day. He laid away \$19, which he said was a reserve fund to pay his fare to the coast in case of war with Spain. "I am 60 years old," he said "but am spry yet. If Uncle Sam needs soldiers, I want to be one. If there are any ramparts to storm, I will try hard to be the first fellow over them. I am going, and when I come back to Bridgeport I will be either a colonel or a corpse; I will be dressed in a colonel's uniform or in a pine box."—Wellsburg (W. Va.) Herald.

Senator Bruce's Gratitude.

The late Senator Bruce had for years supported the widow and daughter of his former master, who was a planter in Virginia. They have been entirely dependent upon his bounty, and although there was no legal obligation whatever they had treated him with affection and loyalty. He had acquired the rudiments of an education from the tutor of his master's son and felt a gratitude that expressed itself in this manner when he learned that they were in needy circumstances.

Springtime in Town.

The swallows twitter sweet
Up there under the eaves.
And the breeze that cools the street
Is hinting of budding leaves.
E'en the organ grinder alone
In the shade of the gray brick walls
Catches the fugitive fragrance blown
From haunts where the partridge calls.
And it brings back a country lane,
Lilac and the locust trees,
And he strays in the ways of youth again
And loafs in the Land of Ease.

One can hear the low of kine
Blown in from the pastures gay;
Smell the bloom that is on the vine
Where murmur the bees all day.
And the spirit is eager to rush
From the city's pleasures stale
To where the suns make the orchards blush
And the jealous dogwoods pale.
Through it all loom a country lane,
Lilac and the locust trees,
And we stray in the ways of youth again
And loaf in the Land of Ease.

—Will T. Hale in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Housewives of the Ottoman Empire.

"Women in Turkey," says a recent traveler, "are not so sadly lacking in domestic virtues as the American housewife thinks, and it must be confessed that in some things they can even give points to their sisters of the complex civilization. If it is washing day, the banium, however high her rank, attends personally to all the rinsing of her husband's garments, though it must be confessed that this is not so much from a fear that his flannels may shrink as from a belief that a spell could be cast upon them by any designing slave who wishes to supplant her in his affections. Although every Turkish family, however humble, has at least one black slave to do the ordinary washing, cooking and scrubbing every mistress, even to the highest in rank, prefers to give her individual attention to all delicate and special culinary ventures."

Hairbrushes.

The brush trade is full of deception. An experienced hand will, by touch, tell if a broom or brush be all hair or a mixture, but if ever in doubt pull out or cut off a suspicious hair and apply a match. However well doctored, the deception will be shown at once. Hairs will burn, rolling up ball-like, with the well known smell of burned hair, while a vegetable substitute will consume, leaving the charred portion like a burned match.

Habit is a queer thing. An old gentleman, who said he could not see to sign his name until given a pair of glasses, was given a pair from which the lenses had been removed. He signed the paper nicely and declared he could see better with those than any others he had tried.

Spanish Detained American Schooner.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 30.—The American schooner Hester was detained three days by a Spanish gunboat on her arrival here.

The Weather.

Fair; light variable winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, March 29.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 91¢@92¢; No. 2 red, 89¢@90¢.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 37½¢@38¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 34¢@34½¢; high mixed shelled, 33¢@33½¢.

OATS—No. 1 white oats, 34¢@34½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 33¢@33½¢; No. 2 white, 32½¢@33¢; extra No. 3 white, 31½¢@32¢; light mixed, 30½¢@31½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$10.00@10.50; No. 2, \$8.00@8.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$7.00@7.50; packing, \$5.50@6.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, \$6.50@6.75; wagon hay, \$10.00@10.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large spring chickens, 65¢@70¢ per pair; small, 40¢@50¢; large old chickens, 60¢@65¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; ducks, 50¢@75¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, 90¢@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Spring chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; old chickens, 10¢@11¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 8¢@9¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 22¢; extra creamery, 20¢@21¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@19¢; country roll, 13¢@14¢; low grade and cooking, 10¢@11¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 9¢@10¢; Ohio, full cream, September, 9¢@9½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 14¢@15¢; Limburger, new, 13¢@14¢; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 12¢@13¢; block Swiss, 13¢@14¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 10¢@11¢; in a jobbing way, 11¢@12¢; duck eggs, 18¢@20¢; goose eggs, 55¢@60¢.

PITTSBURG, March 29.

CATTLE—Receipts light on Monday, about 25 cars on sale, mostly common grades; market steady; prices firm today; run light; market steady. We quote: Prime, \$5.05@5.15; choice, \$4.90@5.00; good, \$4.80@4.90; tidy, \$4.60@4.75; fair, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.80@4.15; heifers, \$3.25@4.50; bulls, stags and cows, \$2.00@4.10; bologna cows, \$3.00@5.00; good fresh cows and springers, \$3.00@5.00; common to fair, \$1.50@3.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday, about 15 double-decks on sale, mostly light weights. With heavy runs at other points our market ruled dull and prices fully 10¢ lower than Saturday. Today supply is liberal, fully 18 double-decks on sale; market fairly active, but prices are again 5¢@10¢ lower. We quote: Prime medium, \$3.90@4.00; heavy Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; good light Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; heavy hogs, \$3.95@4.00; pigs, \$3.00@3.75; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday about 10 loads; market steady at unchanged prices. Receipts today light; market steady. We quote: Choice sheep, \$4.85@5.00; good, \$4.65@4.80; fair, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.50@4.00. Lambs—Choice, \$5.00@6.00; common to good, \$4.75@5.50; veal calves, \$6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, \$3.00@4.50.

CINCINNATI, March 29.

HOGS—Market dull at \$3.15@3.95.
CATTLE—Market easier at \$2.75@4.85.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady for sheep at \$3.00@4.75. Lambs—Market easy at \$4.25@6.00.

NEW YORK, March 29.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, \$1.00½ adist.
SPOT MARKET WEAK; No. 2, 35¢.

OATS—Spot market weak; No. 2, 35¢.

CATTLE—Feeling firm.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—No trading. Market steady.

HOGS—Market dull and weak at \$3.90@4.15.

BUY UNION MADE GOODS.

Union Workmen and Sympathizers Should Ask For the Label.

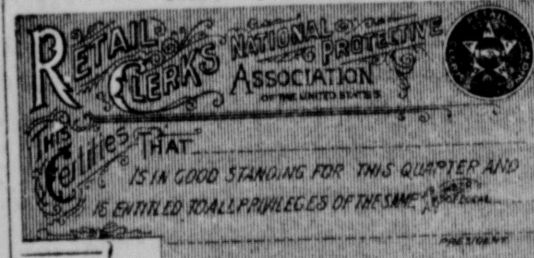
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

The Union Label committee of Trades council having been instructed to secure and publish a fac-simile of different Union Labels, in order to more thoroughly acquaint the public with the same, they herewith present the following. It is the purpose of the committee to insert other labels, and when making purchases you should ask for labeled goods. Be on your guard for false and counterfeit labels.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.

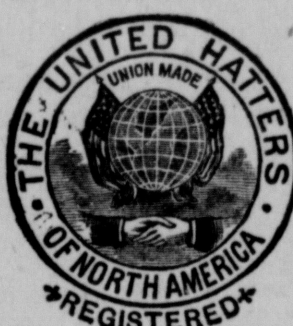


ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



This Label is the only positive guarantee that ready-made clothing, including overalls and jackets, is not made under the dreaded, disease-infested tenement house and sweating system. You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



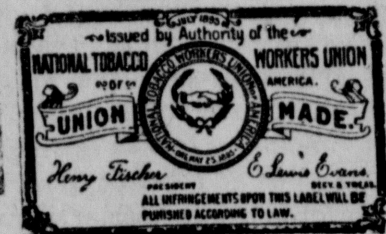
The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size fac-simile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:

International Bakers' and Confectioners' Union Label.

(REGISTERED)

and in clean and healthy bakeries.

Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:

Label

Stamp

Stamp

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HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop

IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything

From an

Election Sticker

to a

3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSED, HALF TONE WORK IM. LITHOGRAPHY IM. TYPE WRITER, &c, &c, &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING; TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES

CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,

Fine Equipment,

Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

The Press NEWS REVIEW

HUMS CONSTANTLY

Put in your order NOW if you want up-to-date work delivered promptly.

McLAIN WILL CONTEST

He Will Be at the New Board's First Meeting.

ASKING FOR SOME REASONS

Why He Is Deprived of His Office When He Holds a Certificate of Election For Another Year—The Matter Will Go to the Courts For Settlement.

J. C. McLain, the Prohibition member of the board of education representing the Fourth ward, does not propose to abide by the provisions of the Blake law until the courts have convinced him that the ripper is constitutional.

Mr. McLain was elected last spring for two years under the law which gives East Liverpool two members of the board of education for every ward. The Blake bill provides for a board of seven members elected at large, and when it became a law all members of the old board lost their positions. That is the construction placed on the matter; but Mr. McLain says he is still in position, and will be until the certificate of election given him last spring expires. He bases his claim on article II, section 28, of the constitution of Ohio.

"I shall be in my usual place at the meeting," said Mr. McLain to the News Review, "and it will be the duty of the new board or someone who ought to know, to show me why I am to be deprived of office. If necessary the case will go through the courts, for I propose to test the constitutionality of the law. The right is mine, and as an American citizen I will exercise it."

Mr. McLain has been ill for six weeks with grip, but has recovered sufficiently to allow him to leave his room.

A WORD OF ADVICE

To Those Coming to Alaska or the Klondike Gold Fields.

One thing should be impressed upon every miner, prospector or trader coming to Alaska, to the Klondike, or the Yukon country, and that is the necessity for providing an adequate and proper food supply. Whether procured in the states, in the dominion, or at the supply stores here or further on, this must be his primary concern. Upon the manner in which the miner has observed or neglected this precaution more than upon any other one thing will his success or failure depend.

These supplies must be healthful and should be concentrated, but the most careful attention in the selection of foods that will keep unimpaired indefinitely under all the conditions which they will have to encounter is imperative. For instance, as bread raised with baking powder must be relied upon for the chief part of every meal, imagine the helplessness of a miner with a can of spoiled baking powder. Buy only the very best flour; it is the cheapest in the end. Experience has shown the Royal Baking Powder to be the most reliable and the trading companies now uniformly supply this brand, as others will not keep in this climate. Be sure that the bacon is sweet, sound and thoroughly cured. These are the absolute necessities upon which all must place a chief reliance, and can under no circumstances be neglected. They may, of course, be supplemented by as many comforts or delicacies as the prospector may be able to pack or desire to pay for.—From the Alaska Mining Journal.

A book of receipts for all kinds of cookery, which is specially valuable for use upon the trail or in the camp, is published by the Royal Baking Powder company, of New York. The receipts are thoroughly practical, and the methods are carefully explained, so that the inexperienced may, with its aid, readily prepare everything requisite for a good, wholesome meal, or even dainties if he has the necessary materials. The matter is in compact though durable form, the whole book weighing but two ounces. Under a special arrangement, this book will be sent free to miners or others who may desire it. We would recommend that everyone going to the Klondike procure a copy. Address the Royal Baking Powder company, New York.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Well and Favorably Known.

Tod Constans, representing the Chicago & North Western railroad and William Brown, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, were in the city on business yesterday afternoon. The gentlemen are well and favorably known in this section.

WONDERFUL EAGLE ROBES.

Boston Men Going to Alaska For Feather Work of Indians.

Three men who recently arrived at Seattle, Wash., from Boston will go to Alaska, but not for gold nuggets. They are after consignments of beautiful eagle down robes made by Chilkat Indians on the Yukon river and such other fine ornamental work as is made only by these ingenious Indians.

The two big trading companies have shipped a few of these eagle down robes within the past few years, but owing to fancy prices and the scarcity the sale has been light. Now there is a demand for them in fashionable circles.

The robes are unique. They are made from the fine down of white eagles. The skins of hundreds of eagles of perfect white are sewed together to make a single blanket. The work is enormous, and the blankets which have been bought from the Indians for a song have been sold in the east for \$500 each.

Colonel John J. Healy, general manager of the North American Trading company, took three of these blankets east two years ago. One of them reached Boston recently and made a sensation among dealers in curios. The result is an expedition for more blankets.

The Chilkats are particularly clever in the manufacture of all beadwork. It is believed that these Indians, who resemble the Japanese to a marked degree, are really descendants of Japanese who crossed the ocean to Alaska hundreds of years ago.—New York World.

BAD LAND FOR THIEVES.

Lashing a Culprit Down the Trail in the Chilkoot Pass.

Mr. H. D. Annable of Montreal has received a letter containing the following description of the way in which justice is meted out in the Chilkoot pass region:

"This is a bad country for a thief. There were two chaps recently tried here for stealing an outfit from a man on top of the summit. They were caught in the act and brought back to Sheep's Head and tried and sentenced to be hanged. The younger of the two, by the name of Wellington, put a gun to his head and finished himself. The other fellow, named Hanson, was tied to a tree, all his clothing taken off and then lashed with two big ropes fastened to a stick. The man who inflicted the punishment was supposed to be the ablest man in the camp. I was close to the affair—so close, in fact, that I had to hold my face back to keep clear of the ropes while he was swinging them. It was a hard looking sight. After they had done this they painted him with the words, 'Thief—Pass Him Along!' and then started him down the trail."

"He had been examined by a doctor before the punishment, and they whipped him until the doctor signaled for them to stop. In almost every place the ropes struck him they drew blood. When a man is caught stealing up here they call a miners' meeting and whatever they agree to do they carry out."—New York Sun.

NEW SUBMARINE BOAT.

Young Gillette's Model, Placed in a Tub, Runs Easily Under the Water.

C. B. Gillette, the 19-year-old son of Otis E. Gillette of Winsted, Conn., who has been working a long time upon a submarine boat, now has a working model and has put it in operation in a large bathtub.

It seems to work in an admirable way. Its submarine machinery is worked by electricity, and its other machinery works by steam generated by naphtha. The little vessel will run under water with decks awash or upon the surface.

Young Gillette has had correspondence with the authorities at Washington upon the subject of his invention and will doubtless soon obtain a patent. He says he can handle the boat easily and supply it with air. He thinks the speed under water should be nine knots an hour.

In some respects his craft resembles the Holland boat, but there are differences in propelling power which he will not reveal just yet.—New York Herald.

Saves His Pension to Pay His Way to War.

An old soldier of Bridgeport, O., received his pension the other day. He laid away \$19, which he said was a reserve fund to pay his fare to the coast in case of war with Spain. "I am 60 years old," he said "but am spry yet. If Uncle Sam needs soldiers, I want to be one. If there are any ramparts to storm, I will try hard to be the first fellow over them. I am going, and when I come back to Bridgeport I will be either a colonel or a corpse; I will be dressed in a colonel's uniform or in a pine box."—Wellsburg (W. Va.) Herald.

Senator Bruce's Gratitude.

The late Senator Bruce had for years supported the widow and daughter of his former master, who was a planter in Virginia. They have been entirely dependent upon his bounty, and although there was no legal obligation whatever they had treated him with affection and gratitude. He had acquired the rudiments of an education from the tutor of his master's son and felt a gratitude that expressed itself in this manner when he learned that they were in needy circumstances.

Springtime in Town.

The swallows twitter sweet
Up there under the eaves.
And the breeze that cools the street
Is hinting of budding leaves.
E'en the organ grinder alone
In the shade of the gray brick walls
Catches the fugitive fragrance blown
From haunts where the partridge calls.
And it brings back a country lane,
Lilac and the locust trees,
And he strays in the ways of youth again
And loafs in the Land of Ease.

One can hear the low of kine
Blown in from the pastures gay;
Smell the bloom that is on the vine
Where murmur the bees all day,
And the spirit is eager to rush
From the city's pleasures stale
To where the suns make the orchards blush
And the jealous dogwoods pale.
Through it all loom a country lane,
Lilac and the locust trees,
And we stray in the ways of youth again
And loaf in the Land of Ease.

—Will T. Hale in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Housewives of the Ottoman Empire.

"Women in Turkey," says a recent traveler, "are not so sadly lacking in domestic virtues as the American housewife thinks, and it must be confessed that in some things they can even give points to their sisters of the complex civilization. If it is washing day, the banum, however high her rank, attends personally to all the rinsing of her husband's garments, though it must be confessed that this is not so much from a fear that his flannels may shrink as from a belief that a spell could be cast upon them by any designing slave who wishes to supplant her in his affections. Although every Turkish family, however humble, has at least one black slave to do the ordinary washing, cooking and scrubbing every mistress, even to the highest in rank, prefers to give her individual attention to all delicate and special culinary ventures."

Hairbrushes.

The brush trade is full of deception. An experienced hand will, by touch, tell if a broom or brush be all hair or a mixture, but if ever in doubt pull out or cut off a suspicious hair and apply a match. However well doctored, the deception will be shown at once. Hairs will burn, rolling up ball-like, with the well known smell of burned hair, while a vegetable substitute will consume, leaving the charred portion like a burned match.

Habit is a queer thing. An old gentleman, who said he could not see to sign his name until given a pair of glasses, was given a pair from which the lenses had been removed. He signed the paper nicely and declared he could see better with those than any others he had tried.

Spanish Detained American Schooner.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 30.—The American schooner Hester was detained three days by a Spanish gunboat on her arrival here.

The Weather.

Fair; light variable winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, March 29.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 91¢@92¢; No. 2 red, 89¢@90¢.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 37¢@38¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 34¢@34½¢; high mixed shelled, 33¢@33½¢.

OATS—No. 1 white oats, 34¢@34½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 33¢@33½¢; No. 2 white, 32½¢@33¢; extra No. 3 white, 31½¢@32¢; light mixed, 30½¢@31½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$10.00@10.50; No. 2, \$8.00@8.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$7.00@7.50; packing, \$5.50@6.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, \$6.50@6.75; wagon hay, \$10.00@10.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large spring chickens, 65¢@70¢ per pair; small, 40¢@50¢; large old chickens, 60¢@65¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; ducks, 50¢@75¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, 90¢@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Spring chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; old chickens, 10¢@11¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 8¢@9¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 22¢; extra creamery, 20¢@21½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@19¢; country roll, 13¢@14¢; low grade and cooking, 10¢@11¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 9½¢@10¢; Ohio, full cream, September, 9¢@9½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 14½¢@15¢; Limburger, new, 13¢@14¢; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 12½¢@13¢; block Swiss, 13¢@14¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 10¢@11¢; in a jobbing way, 11¢@12¢; duck eggs, 18¢@20¢; goose eggs, 5¢@6¢.

PITTSBURG, March 29.

CATTLE—Receipts light on Monday, about 25 cars on sale, mostly common grades; market steady; prices firm today; run light; market steady. We quote: Prime, \$5.05@5.15; choice, \$4.90@5.00; good, \$4.80@4.90; tidy, \$4.60@4.75; fair, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.80@4.15; heifers, \$3.25@4.50; bulls, stags and cows, \$2.00@4.10; bologna cows, \$3.00@3.50; good fresh cows and springers, \$35.00@50.00; common to fair, \$15.00@30.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday, about 15 double-decks on sale, mostly light weights. With heavy runs at other points our market ruled dull and prices fully 10¢ lower than Saturday. Today supply is liberal, fully 18 double-decks on sale; market fairly active, but prices are again 5¢@10¢ lower. We quote: Prime medium, \$3.90@4.00; heavy Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; good light Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; heavy hogs, \$3.95@4.00; pigs, \$3.00@3.75; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday about 10 loads; market steady at unchanged prices. Receipts today light; market steady. We quote: Choice sheep, \$4.85@5.00; good, \$4.65@4.80; fair, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.50@4.00. Lambs—Choice, \$5.90@6.00; common to good, \$4.75@5.80; veal calves, \$6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, \$3.00@4.50.

CINCINNATI, March 29.

HOGS—Market dull at \$3.15@3.35.

CATTLE—Market easier at \$2.75@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady for sheep at \$3.00@4.75. Lambs—Market easy at \$4.25@6.00.

NEW YORK, March 29.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, \$1.00¢@1.01¢.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2, 35¢@36¢.

OATS—Spot market weak; No. 2, 25¢@26¢.

CATTLE—Feeling firm.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—No trading. Market steady.

HOGS—Market dull and weak at \$3.90@4.15.

BUY UNION MADE GOODS.

Union Workmen and Sympathizers Should Ask For the Label.

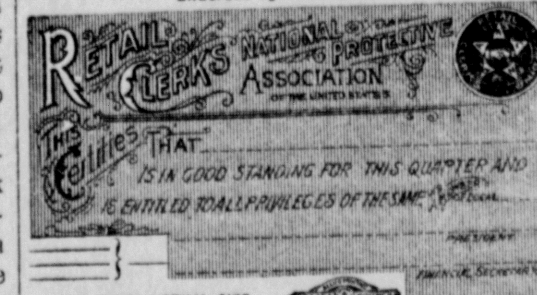
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

The Union Label committee of Trades council having been instructed to secure and publish a fac-simile of different Union Labels, in order to more thoroughly acquaint the public with the same, they herewith present the following. It is the purpose of the committee to insert other labels, and when making purchases you should ask for labeled goods. Be on your guard for false and counterfeit labels.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.

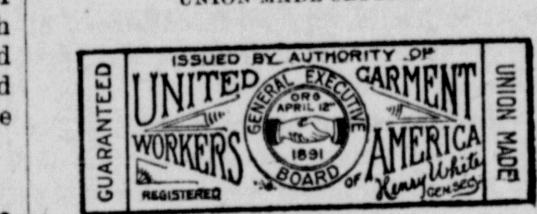


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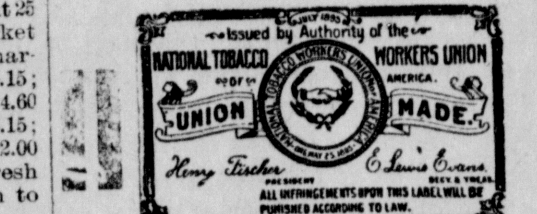
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High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE RAILROAD MEASURE

Does Not Exactly Suit Passenger Men.

PEOPLE GET PART OF THE LOAF

But the Demand For a Two Cent Fare Bill Continues—Something Concerning Representative Ashford's Latest Ambition Comes From Columbus.

[Special Correspondence.]

COLUMBUS, March 30.—[Special.]—The two cent fare question was practically settled by the legislature in a very unexpected manner last week by the passage of bills compelling railroads to sell 500 mile books at the two cent rate. This was one of the greatest problems confronting the legislature, and as it affected the great corporations directly the bills proposing a straight two cent rate were opposed bitterly and a great lobby has been at the capital all winter working in the interest of the railroad companies. The sudden settlement of the matter was brought about in a peculiar manner, but it is far from satisfactory to the railroads.

In the senate the Valentine two cent fare bill was voluntarily surrendered by the author, as he became convinced that it could not be passed in its original form. Then Senator Valentine and Senator Plummer, of Springfield, conferred and formulated a substitute which provided the companies should sell the 500 mile book and that these books should be good for all members of a family or a firm, providing that the names of all parties are placed on the cover of the book at the time of purchase. These books may also be used by different members of the family on the same train at the same time.

When the Valentine bill came up for discussion the last time Senator Plummer offered this amendment, and its consideration was only delayed one day after an earnest speech by Senator Sullivan. The next morning it was passed by a decisive vote.

That same day the Bracken two cent fare bill came up for final decision in the house. It had once been voted down, but was up on reconsideration. As soon as it came before the house Mr. Stewart, of Springfield, offered as an amendment practically the substitute that had just passed the senate. He did this without consultation with Senator Plummer, but the effect in the house was even more sudden than in the senate. Mr. Bracken and his more intimate friends did not know of Mr. Stewart's proposed move, but after a quick canvass of the house they decided it was better to take half a loaf, and they took up the amendment offered by Mr. Stewart. The defeat of the original bill was a foregone conclusion, but this substitute was passed after only a brief discussion, notwithstanding the fact that it had not been printed and only a few members had any opportunity to know its real import except as they heard it read from the clerk's desk.

It was stated on the floor that the railroad companies would be satisfied with this, but the fact is that the railroad men were taken by surprise as much as the members. As the bills were so much alike one of them will be made into law, but it will not suit the railroads. Now that the railway people have awakened to a realization of what has happened, they complain that such a ticket as is proposed in these bills will only open the way for more unscrupulous traffic by the brokers and leave the railroads helpless.

Be this as it may there was great demand for a two cent fare by the people and they get part of what was asked for by this compromise.

Now that spring politics are under way it develops that a number of the members of the legislature have congressional bees buzzing under their hats. These members look upon congress as the next step in their political ambitions and several of them have been home setting up their fences.

The congressional fight this year also promises to be especially lively and interesting. The Kurtz wing of the Republican party have decided to make an effort to capture the state machine and they threw down the gauntlet at the Delaware convention the other day when they tried to beat Lybrand for a renomination. They were not successful, but the edict has gone forth and the same contest will be carried into every congressional convention.

Among the members of the legislature who have been mentioned as having congressional aspirations are Senator H. Walter Doty, of Hancock; Senator Leet, of Lucas; Senator Dodge, of Ouyahoga; Senator Sullivan, of Trumbull; Representatives McBroom, of Lucas; Wiley, of Wayne; Bartlow, of Butler; Boxwell, of Huron; H. H. H. of Jackson; Piper, of Hardin; Ludwick, of Darke; and Bolin, of Pickaway.

BLAQUE WILSON.

THE NEW YORK YOUTH.

Story of a Promising Boy, a Schoolteacher and an Escaped Dog.

A drawing teacher in the upper regions of the borough of Manhattan tells me of a curious instance of what she calls the crescent freshness of the metropolitan youth. Tommy was the most incorrigible pupil in that particular room, making the half hour spent there daily one of mingled doubt and anguish of spirit to the drawing teacher. The other day Tommy was evidently engaged in some new form of mischief. His drawing pad lay upon the desk before him and his hands were hovering over it, now swooping down at one side of the paper, now at the other, as if corraling some unwilling ant or other insect seeking to escape.

"Tommy," said the drawing teacher suddenly and sharply, "what are you doing?"

"Nothin," was Tommy's instant reply. Then he added, "Nothin but keepin this ere dawg from runnin away."

"What dog?" queried the drawing teacher. "I see no dog. What do you mean?"

"Course ye don't see no dawg," said Tommy, ceasing his gymnastics under her sharp glance and straightening up. "Yer too far away." The other scholars were all attention by this time, which was precisely what Tommy wanted, and he assumed a look of unsmiling innocence as he continued, "I drowed a runnin dawg, not a standin still one, an I was a-headin 'im off so's he wouldn't run off th' tablet an git on th' floor."

The other children laughed uproariously at this, whereupon Tommy surveyed them with such an assumption of surprised indignation that their mirth was redoubled. The teacher was now genuinely angry. She was a matter of fact young woman to whom normal school methods were both law and gospel, and here was a flagrant case of downright falsehood that must be exposed as an awful example to the entire grade of pupils. She walked slowly and firmly down the aisle and picked up Tommy's tablet. The white sheet was unsullied by a single mark of any kind.

"Tommy," she said sternly, exhibiting the sheet to the pupils, "there isn't a dog or anything else here."

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WANTED—TRANSFERRERS—MUST BE first class in every respect. A steady position and good wages to experienced parties. For further information apply to the undersigned at Thompson House on Thursday, March 31, during the afternoon and evening. Geo. E. Shropshire.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Must be experienced. Good wages paid. Inquire Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Thompson Place.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS for light housekeeping. Must be centrally located. Inquire at this office at once.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 4-ROOMED HOUSE, WITH lot 40x100, on Lincoln avenue. Price, \$2,350. Apply to J. P. Haulon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

FOR SALE—A SMALL FARM OF 25 acres. Frame house. Has a fine young peach orchard, apple trees, cherry trees and small fruits. Rich soil and nicely located 1 1/2 miles from end of street car line in West Virginia. Price \$1,000. Inquire at 176 Fifth street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THE STORE ROOM CORNER Fourth and Market streets now occupied by E. Zink. Possession given April 1. Inquire of C. C. Thompson.

FOUND.

FOUND—BUNCH OF KEYS AND CHAIN. Owner can have same by calling at News Review and paying for this notice.

BARGAINS IN PROPERTY.

House and lot near West End school house. A double frame house, slate roof, three rooms on each side and water at the door. A rare chance to buy a cheap home.

House and lot on Sixth street. 1 1/2 blocks west of Diamond; 50x130, with double brick house and store room in front, and small house in rear.

Two acres of land near West End school house, fronting about 300 feet on Fairview and Lisbon streets; a great bargain for anyone wishing to buy out town lots and build tenement houses. Price, \$1,000. Terms easy.

A. E. McLEAN,

208 Sixth Street

Watch this space each week.

I Don't Speculate On Other People's Property.

They fix the price—my pay is a small commission, which does not affect the selling price. Hence, you can deal through me as profitably as with the owner, sometimes more so. Therefore, if you wish to buy a house or lot, it may pay you to consult my list, which includes properties in all parts of the city.

Elijah W. Hill, J. P.,

Corner Washington and Broadway.

Money to Loan

IN ANY SUM FROM \$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

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MOWLS & RIDDLE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HUSTON BLOCK.

ROBERT HAGUE, Painter and Paper Hanger.

A first-class Artist. Test his merits. Give him a call at his shop.

P. O. Box 328.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Cleveland Time

Schedule		335	337	339	341	350
Westward.		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh	iv	4:45	11	12:30	1:00	17:30
Rochester	"	6:40	2 15	5 25	11 50	8 17
Beaver	"	6:45	2 20	5 30	11 55	8 24
Vanport	"	6:50	"	5 35	12 00	8 29
Industry	"	7:00	"	5 40	12 10	8 41
Cooks Ferry	"	7:03	"	5 55	12 10	8 45
Smiths Ferry	"	7:11	2 20	6 04	12 20	8 54
East Liverpool	"	7:20	2 45	6 14	12 30	9 05
Wellsville	ar	7:33	3 00	6 28	12 40	9 15
Wellsville	iv	7:42	3 05	"	12 45	"
Wellsville Shop	"	7:46	"	"	12 50	"
Yellow Creek	"	7:52	"	"	12 55	"
Hammondsville	"	8:00	"	"	1 00	"
Irondale	"	8:08	3 22	"	1 06	"
Salineville	"	8:15	3 38	"	1 27	"
Bayard	"	8:27	4 10	"	2 05	"
Alliance	iv	9:30	4 33	"	2 30	"
Ravenna	"	10:05	4 38	"	2 35	"
Hudson	"	11:02	5 25	"	3 20	"
Cleveland	ar	12 10	6 25	"	4 30	"
Wellsville	iv	7:47	3 10	6:55	15:55	11:00
Wellsville Shop	"	7:52	3 15	7:00	16:00	11:05
Yellow Creek	"	7:57	3 18	7:05	16:05	11:10
Port Homer	"	8:05	3 25	7:10	16:10	11:15
Empire	"	8:10	3 28	7:14	16:14	11:21
Elliottsville	"	8:17	3 33	7:18	16:18	11:25
Toronto	"	8:21	3 38	7:23	16:23	11:29
Costonia	"	8:28	3 43	7:30	16:30	11:36
Steubenville	iv	8:44	4 00	7:45	16:45	11:51
Mingo Je	ar	8:44	4 00	7:45	16:45	11:51
Brilliant	"	8:51	4 10	7:53	16:53	12 01
Rush Run	"	9:07	4 20	8 00	17 00	12 12
Portland	"	9:14	4 29	8 15	17 15	12 19
Yorkville	"	9:19	4 34	8 20	17 20	12 24
Martins Ferry	"	9:22	4 37	8 23	17 23	12 27
Bridgeport	"	9:40	4 50	8 35	17 35	12 40
Bellaire	ar	9:50	5 20	8 45	18 12	12 45
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Eastward.		3:40	3:42	3:44	3:46	3:50
Bellaire	iv	14 45	19 00		14 45	19 00
Bridgeport	"	4 53	9 09		4 54	9 10
Martins Ferry	"	5 01	9 15		4 55	9 11
Yorkville	"	5 10			4 55	9 11
Portland	"	5 15	9 28		4 55	9 11
Rush Run	"	5 20	9 33		4 55	9 11
Brilliant	"	5 28	9 41		4 55	9 11
Mingo Je	"	5 35	9 48		4 55	9 11
Steubenville	iv	5 44	9 56		5 50	1 58
Costonia	"	6 03	10 12		6 11	2 19
Toronto	"	6 09	10 19			
Elliottsville	"	6 10	10 20			
Empire	"	6 13	10 30		6 21	2 27
Port Homer	"	6 20	10 33			
Yellow Creek	"	6 25	10 40		6 35	2 32
Wellsville Shop	"	6 31	10 45		6 39	2 34
Wellsville	ar	6 35	10 50		6 42	2 45
Wellsville	iv	7 42				3 05
Wellsville Shop	"	7 46				
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Beaver	"	7 40	11 45		7 36	3 28
Rochester	"	7 50	11 50		7 42	3 31
Pittsburgh	ar	8 50	12 40		8 36	3 36
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Fullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas branch. Nos. 340 and 340 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. E. LOREE, General Manager,

11-23-97, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

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Exclusive Agency for the

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Rubber Stamps.

THE RAILROAD MEASURE

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PEOPLE GET PART OF THE LOAF

But the Demand For a Two Cent Fare Bill Continues—Something Concerning Representative Ashford's Latest Ambition Comes From Columbus.

[Special Correspondence.]

COLUMBUS, March 30.—[Special.]—The two cent fare question was practically settled by the legislature in a very unexpected manner last week by the passage of bills compelling railroads to sell 500 mile books at the two cent rate. This was one of the greatest problems confronting the legislature, and as it affected the great corporations directly the bills proposing a straight two cent rate were opposed bitterly and a great lobby has been at the capital all winter working in the interest of the railroad companies. The sudden settlement of the matter was brought about in a peculiar manner, but it is far from satisfactory to the railroads.

In the senate the Valentine two cent fare bill was voluntarily surrendered by the author, as he became convinced that it could not be passed in its original form. Then Senator Valentine and Senator Plummer, of Springfield, conferred and formulated a substitute which provided the companies should sell the 500 mile book and that these books should be good for all members of a family or a firm, providing that the names of all parties are placed on the cover of the book at the time of purchase. These books may also be used by different members of the family on the same train at the same time.

When the Valentine bill came up for discussion the last time Senator Plummer offered this amendment, and its consideration was only delayed one day after an earnest speech by Senator Sullivan. The next morning it was passed by a decisive vote.

That same day the Bracken two cent fare bill came up for final decision in the house. It had once been voted down, but was up on reconsideration. As soon as it came before the house Mr. Stewart, of Springfield, offered as an amendment practically the substitute that had just passed the senate. He did this without consultation with Senator Plummer, but the effect in the house was even more sudden than in the senate. Mr. Bracken and his more intimate friends did not know of Mr. Stewart's proposed move, but after a quick canvass of the house they decided it was better to take half a loaf, and they took up the amendment offered by Mr. Stewart. The defeat of the original bill was a foregone conclusion, but this substitute was passed after only a brief discussion, notwithstanding the fact that it had not been printed and only a few members had any opportunity to know its real import except as they heard it read from the clerk's desk.

It was stated on the floor that the railroad companies would be satisfied with this, but the fact is that the railroad men were taken by surprise as much as the members. As the bills were so much alike one of them will be made into law, but it will not suit the railroads. Now that the railway people have awakened to a realization of what has happened, they complain that such a ticket as is proposed in these bills will only open the way for more unscrupulous traffic by the brokers and leave the railroads helpless.

Be this as it may there was great demand for a two cent fare by the people and they get part of what was asked for by this compromise.

Now that spring politics are under way it develops that a number of the members of the legislature have congressional bees buzzing under their hats. These members look upon congress as the next step in their political ambitions and several of them have been home setting up their fences.

The congressional fight this year also promises to be especially lively and interesting. The Kurtz wing of the Republican party have decided to make an effort to capture the state machine and they threw down the gauntlet at the Delaware convention the other day when they tried to beat Lybrand for a renomination. They were not successful, but the edict has gone forth and the same contest will be carried into every congressional convention.

Among the members of the legislature who have been mentioned as having congressional aspirations are Senator H. Walter Doty, of Hancock; Senator Leet, of Lucas; Senator Dodge, of Cuyahoga; Senator Sullivan, of Trumbull; Representatives McBroom, of Lucas; Wiley, of Wayne; Bartlow, of Butler; Boxwell, of Huron; H. H. H. of Jackson; Piper, of Hardin; Ludwick, of Darke; and Bolin, of Pickaway.

BLACQUE WILSON.

THE NEW YORK YOUTH.

Story of a Promising Boy, a Schoolteacher and an Escaped Dog.

A drawing teacher in the upper regions of the borough of Manhattan tells me of a curious instance of what she calls the crescent freshness of the metropolitan youth. Tommy was the most incorrigible pupil in that particular room, making the half hour spent there daily one of mingled doubt and anguish of spirit to the drawing teacher. The other day Tommy was evidently engaged in some new form of mischief. His drawing pad lay upon the desk before him and his hands were hovering over it, now swooping down at one side of the paper, now at the other, as if corralling some unwilling ant or other insect seeking to escape.

"Tommy," said the drawing teacher suddenly and sharply, "what are you doing?"

"Nothin," was Tommy's instant reply. Then he added, "Nothin but keep in this 'ere dawg from runnin away."

"What dog?" queried the drawing teacher. "I see no dog. What do you mean?"

"Course ye don't see no dawg," said Tommy, ceasing his gymnastics under her sharp glance and straightening up. "Yer too far away." The other scholars were all attention by this time, which was precisely what Tommy wanted, and he assumed a look of unsmiling innocence as he continued, "I dored a runnin dawg, not a standin still one, an I was a-headin 'im off so's he wouldn't run off th' tablet an git on th' floor."

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We also sell F. W. BAUMER Co., Sole Agts, the Ludwig Piano. Ikirt Blk., East Liverpool.

WANTED.

WANTED—TRANSFERRERS—MUST BE first class in every respect. A steady position and good wages to experienced parties. For further information apply to the undersigned at Thompson House on Thursday, March 31, during the afternoon and evening. Geo. E. Shropshire.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Must be experienced. Good wages paid. Inquire Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Thompson Place.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS for light housekeeping. Must be centrally located. Inquire at this office at once.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 4-ROOMED HOUSE, WITH lot 40x100, on Lincoln avenue. Price, \$2,350. Apply to J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

FOR SALE—A SMALL FARM OF 25 acres. Frame House. Has a fine young peach orchard, apple trees, cherry trees and small fruits. Rich soil and nicely located 1 1/2 miles from end of street car line in West Virginia. Price \$1,000. Inquire at 176 Fifth street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THE STORE ROOM CORNER Fourth and Market streets now occupied by E. Zink. Possession given April 1. Inquire of C. C. Thompson.

FOUND.

FOUND—BUNCH OF KEYS AND CHAIN. Owner can have same by calling at News Review and paying for this notice.

BARGAINS IN PROPERTY.

House and lot near West End school house. A double frame house, slate roof, three rooms on each side and water at the door. A rare chance to buy a cheap home.

House and lot on Sixth street, 1 1/2 blocks west of Diamond; 50x130, with double brick house and store room in front, and small house in rear.

Two acres of land near West End school house, fronting about 300 feet on Fairview and Lisbon streets; a great bargain for anyone wishing to buy out town lots and build tenement houses. Price, \$1000. Terms easy.

A. E. MCLEAN,

208 Sixth Street

Watch this space each week.

I Don't Speculate On Other People's Property.

They fix the price—my pay is a small commission, which does not affect the selling price. Hence, you can deal through me as profitably as with the owner, sometimes more so. Therefore, if you wish to buy a house or lot, it may pay you to consult my list, which includes properties in all parts of the city.

Elijah W. Hill, J. P.,

Corner Washington and Broadway.

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IN ANY SUM FROM \$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY, Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

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DENTIST,

Room 4, Porter Building, DIAMOND.

V. H. MOWLS.

LODGE RIDDLE

MOWLS & RIDDLE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HUSTON BLOCK.

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ROBERT HAGUE,

Painter and Paper Hanger.

A first-class Artist. Test his merits. Give him a call at his shop.

Third St. P. O. Box 328.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:50
Pittsburgh	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Rochester	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Beaver	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Vanport	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Industry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Cooks Ferry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Smiths Ferry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
East Liverpool	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville Shop	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Yellow Creek	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Hammondsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Findale	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Salineville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Bayard	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Alliance	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Ravenna	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Hudson	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Cleveland	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville Shop	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Yellow Creek	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Port Homer	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Empire	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Elliottsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Toronto	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Costonia	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Steubenville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Mingo Je	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Brilliant	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Rush Run	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Portland	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Yorkville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Martins Ferry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Bridgeport	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Bellevue	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv

Eastward.	3:40	3:42	3:44	3:46	3:48
Bellevue	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Bridgeport	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Martins Ferry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Yorkville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Portland	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Rush Run	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Brilliant	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Mingo Je	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Steubenville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Costonia	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Toronto	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Elliottsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Empire	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Port Homer	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Yellow Creek	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville Shop	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville Shop	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Yellow Creek	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Hammondsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Findale	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Salineville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Bayard	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Alliance	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Ravenna	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Hudson	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Cleveland	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Wellsville	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
East Liverpool	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Smiths Ferry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Cooks Ferry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Industry	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Vanport	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Beaver	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Rochester	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv
Pittsburgh	iv	iv	iv	iv	iv

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 337 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 11-23-97, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

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THE NEWS REVIEW

CARPET WEAVING.

I weave carpets to order on short notice, and good work done. Come and see me, or drop me a postal and I will call. C. W. Aveman, 341 Walnut St., near Calcutta road.

Dr. Geo. D. Arnum,

Surgeon Dentist.

Specialties: Syndicate Bldg., 10 Town and Sixth St. Bridge Work, and Preservation of the Natural Teeth.

TO THE ADVERTISERS.
The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Westville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.
HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.
The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Moon—a daughter.
George Bramer left last night for Mingo where he will open a store.
Barney Vail, a student at Scio college, is visiting friends in this city.
W. T. Tebbuts is having plans drawn for a new house to be erected in Walnut street.
Mrs. Joshua Poole will entertain Saturday afternoon at their home on Thompson hill.
Superintendent Morley, of the water department, who has been seriously ill, is slowly improving.

Chief Johnson returned to the city last evening from Canton where he placed Frank Stevens in the workhouse.
Invitations have been issued for a reception to be given tomorrow evening by the Junior Mechanics.

The Ladies' Home Missionary society of the First M. E. church are today holding a quilting bee in the lecture room of the church.

J. E. McDonald spent the day in New Cumberland arranging details in the matter of securing right of way for the Pennsylvania company.

C. M. Van Metre, of Minerva, has taken a position as clerk in the freight office. The clerical force at the freight depot is now larger than ever.

All trains were late this morning. The early train east was 10 minutes late, and the first train west was delayed 35 minutes by the late arrival of the eastern train in Pittsburgh.

C. J. Lucas, of Natrona, Pa., was in the city yesterday looking for a location to open a barber shop. He left for his home last evening and will return to the city next week.

George McNicol last evening received a telegram from President Farrell, of the Auburn team of which club Twaddle was a member, expressing sympathy for the Twaddle family.

Mrs. George L. Matheny and children this morning left for her future home in Martin's Ferry. A large number of friends at the station this morning wished her much happiness in her new home.

Work was commenced this morning filling up the frog ponds in Ravine street. The residents of the street have endeavored for over a year to have this work done and are now in an amiable frame of mind.

Harry Hartzel, of Youngstown, has entered the navy as an electrician, and has been assigned to the Iowa. He is 17 years old and is well known in this city. He is an intimate acquaintance of Fireman Terrence.

Section Foreman Hickey and his force of men this morning scattered several carloads of gravel between the ties on the main line from College street to Broadway. The work was made necessary by the recent rains.

Several movings were handled at the freight depot today. The effects of John Webster were received from Bridgeport. Those belonging to Mrs. J. J. Carroll were sent to Allegheny, and the effects of Adolph Gena were sent to South Bend, Ind.

The residents of Gardendale have been troubled by the large amount of drinking that has been going on in that district for some time. Yesterday afternoon an old resident of the place got drunk, and for some time he made much trouble.

The "special service" of a local paper seems addicted to prevarications and sensational nothings. No one attempts to deny that it printed a lot of double leaded slush under the head of "special," but it should be remembered that quality is not the same as quantity. Almost all its "telegraphic" matter was denied in the dispatches the next morning. Perhaps that "overworked telegraph editor" should be entitled to a few more guesses.

EDUCATION OF BLIND.

Senate Bill For the Purpose Passed by the House.

NUMBER OF MEASURES PASSED

The Senate Passed a Bill to Prevent Young Boys From Being Induced Enter Immoral Houses—Measures Effecting Different Interests Passed.

COLUMBUS, March 30.—A bill has passed in the house, formerly passed by the senate, introduced by Mr. Alexander, providing for the education of children who are both blind and deaf.

Other bills passing the house were: House bill by Mr. Snider (Greene), providing that costs in cases of prosecution for non-support of children shall not be paid by the state.

House bill by Mr. Leeper, providing that non-resident guardians may give their written consent to the marriage of a ward.

House bill by Mr. Reynolds, repealing section 3 of the law requiring safety devices at railroad crossings.

House bill by Mr. Haiden, providing that when a discharged patient becomes insane an inquest of lunacy is necessary to recommit him to the state hospital.

House bill by Mr. Parker, providing for refunding the direct inheritance tax.

House bill by Mr. Rutan, providing that where county commissioners order the county surveyor to record surveys made by somebody else he shall be paid regular fees for the same.

House bill by Mr. Ashford, making it a misdemeanor to solicit business for the same.

House bill by Mr. Magee, making sundry appropriations.

These bills were passed in the senate: Providing a penitentiary sentence of from two to five years for any person who induces a boy under 18 years of age to enter a bawdy house or to induce a male minor under 15 years of age to have illicit intercourse in such place.

House bill by Mr. Snyder (Clark), giving to cities of the second grade of the fourth-class the right to levy a tax for the maintenance of free public libraries.

House bill by Mr. Boxwell, providing that upon notice by six electors of the desire to abandon a special school district, composed of two or more sub-districts, a special election shall be called.

Senate bill by Mr. Cromley, providing that no money belonging to a township shall be paid out by the treasurer except upon an order signed personally by at least two of the township trustees and countersigned personally by the township clerk.

Senate bill by Mr. Cable, providing for a stenographer in the supreme court.

Senate bill by Mr. Schafer, giving the county executive committee the right to fill vacancies on tickets when a committee for that purpose is not appointed by the convention making nominations.

Senate bill by Mr. Robertson, providing that in appeal cases the testimony taken in the common pleas shall be reduced to a bill of evidence and presented to the reviewing court.

Senate bill by Mr. Burke, giving the board of trustees in hamlets the rights of councils.

Senate bill by Mr. Burke, providing that when parties to a suit request the court to make special findings of law and fact the time within which a bill of exceptions can be taken to a higher court be limited to 50 days from the time the court files his finding with the clerk.

House bill by Mr. Givens, requiring all railroad companies of ten miles or more to maintain a telegraph or telephone system.

Senate bill by Mr. Finck, requiring directors of infirmaries to pay over \$500 to estate of inmates where property to that amount is left.

Senate bill by Mr. Wightman, providing that penitentiary guards shall be allowed compensation when having charge of prisoners who are called away as witnesses.

Senate bill by Mr. Plummer, authorizing probate courts to alphabetically arrange pleadings in old cases and findings.

Senate bill by Mr. Cohen, giving the treasurers of counties the right to divide the county into taxing districts and fixing the time for the payment of the taxes.

House bill by Mr. Arebenz, providing that bodies in charitable and penal institutions not claimed or identified shall be held 36 hours before burial, and that the professor of anatomy in some medical college or the president of any county medical society shall be notified that it is there.

Senator Alexander presented a new measure striking out the law governing the custody of public funds by treasurers of townships, board of education and cemetery associations to deposit future funds in their possessions in banks, with the proviso that they shall be held liable for funds lost in that way.

There is to be an effort made to repeal the law of May 14, 1894, placing an excise tax on express companies. Senator Robinson introduced a bill to that effect. Senator Jones introduced two bills amending the ditch laws.

The first adds to the questions to be decided by the county commissioners in considering petitions for ditches the matter of the necessity of the improvement. The other amends the law of accepting Scovel's Resignation.

WOOSTER, March 30.—The board of trustees of the Wooster university accepted the resignation of President Scovel and then elected him to the chair of

See Our Line of New Lace Curtains



At LOWEST PRICES Ever Quoted
THE BON TON.

moral and sociology. THE FOLLOWING trustees were named as a committee to present names for a new president: Rev. A. A. E. Taylor of Columbus, Rev. E. W. Work of Dayton, Rev. M. M. Gaston of Cleveland, Prof. A. E. Jones of Massillon, Rev. A. C. Hills and Judge John C. McClarran of Wooster.

Urged the President to Act.
WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Michigan delegation called upon President McKinley this morning in a body and urged upon him the necessity and advisability for prompt and vigorous action on the Cuban question.

FRANCE AS MEDIATOR.
That Country Thought to Be Ready to Tender Her Services at an Opportune Time.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—There is little doubt that the French government is ready to tender its good offices as mediator between the United States and Spain if any intimation is conveyed by this country that such offices would be acceptable. Without such intimation it is doubtful whether France will take the initiative. In diplomatic circles it is pointed out that the interests of France, both material and sentimental, favor an avoidance of war. One material reason is that France is preparing for the international exposition, when the world's tide of travel will be turned toward the French capital. It is said that at such a time would be seriously prejudicial to this great project.

Another material interest affecting France is that her citizens own many Spanish securities, so that any decline resulting from war would fall largely on French capitalists. While these are important considerations urging France to avert hostilities, yet they are not of course such as could be advanced as the actual grounds for a tender of good offices. Such a move would be premised solely on sentimental grounds, namely on the friendship of France for both parties engaged in this controversy.

THE POPULIST POLICY.
After a Conference, Cuban Resolutions Were Introduced in Both Houses.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Representatives of the Populist and Silver Republican elements in both the senate and house have held an informal conference and outlined in a general way the policy to be adopted toward Cuba. It was agreed that the recognition of Cuban independence was the only course to pursue at this juncture. Senator Allen and Representative Bell of Colorado were accordingly authorized to introduce in the two houses a joint resolution embodying the conference views and indicating the line of policy adopted, which they did.

Dispersed Rebellious Chinese.
SHANGHAI, March 30.—The Mercury of this city says the country militia of the Kiang Peh district, which, as announced in these dispatches on March 22, refused to allow the execution of the condemned murderer of the student of the American Medical Mission, has been dispersed.

Anglo-Egyptian Troops Victorious.
CAIRO, March 30.—It is officially announced that the gunboats and Anglo-Egyptian troops attacked Shendi on Saturday, destroyed the forts, captured quantities of grain, cattle and ammunition and liberated over 600 slaves, mostly Jaalins.

Sigsbee in Washington.
WASHINGTON, March 30.—Captain Sigsbee received a fine reception from his neighbors on his arrival in Washington. He has not yet been assigned.

Russia Opens a Port.
ST. PETERSBURG, March 30.—Russia has issued an official statement regarding the opening of a new China and Yunnan Ta Lien Wan will be an open port.

The ancient Mexicans used wooden swords in war that they might not kill their enemies.

FEWER COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

Plan to Combine Free Hack Service with Rural Mail Delivery.

D. M. Geeting, superintendent of public instruction, is sending out blanks to all of the township trustees in the state of Indiana soliciting information upon which he expects to formulate a bill to be presented to the next legislature that will do away entirely with many country schools in the state. Mr. Geeting is a firm advocate of the abolishment of weak and poorly attended country schools and the consolidation of such schools with the stronger ones, the pupils to be transported to and from school in hacks at public expense. Mr. Geeting says that, in his opinion, at least 1,000 schools could profitably be abolished in this state. There are many schools, Mr. Geeting says, that do not average over eight pupils each. The expenses of repairs, fuel, etc., make these schools too costly to be maintained longer.

The man who drives the hack, Mr. Geeting says, can be made a very useful functionary, as, for instance, a trunk officer, country expressman and mail carrier combined. The latter service, Mr. Geeting believes, would solve the problem of free rural delivery that is so much harped about.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

A Secret From the Pyramids.
W. E. Pettis, an undertaker of Des Moines, claims he has discovered the old Egyptian secret of embalming bodies.

"Novelty" Machine Works
Model Making,
Die Making,
General Machine Work
and Repairs.

Bicycles: Sole agents for BICYCLE, a first-class bike, at reasonable price. Bicycle repairing a special feature. All work skillfully attended to, with promptness.

REX & DEAN,
127 Fourth Street.

ELECTRICITY!
THE OHIO ELECTRIC CO.

Is prepared to furnish anything in the electric line, from a complete plant down to the smallest article, such as Dynamos, Motors, Gas Engines, Switch Boards, Electric Bells, Annunciators, Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High grade goods and first-class work.

J. A. SWANEY.
Telephone 130-3.

DYSPEPSIA, Heartburn, Gastritis, and all Stomach Disorders positively cured. Grover Graham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a specific. One dose removes all distress, and a permanent cure of the most chronic and severe cases is guaranteed. Do not suffer! A 50 cent bottle will convince the most skeptical.

Paper Cleaning.
Paper and carpet cleaning attended to in the most skillful manner. Prices reasonable. Best of references can be given. Leave orders at Fryor's or Good's barber shops or McIntosh's grocery store, Sixth street.

JOHN HENDERSON.
FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS IN East End. Inquire at Baird's Drug Store.



Near Sighted People

and those whose eyes are weak and differ in strength, should be carefully fitted with glasses which a thorough scientific examination shows they require. We have the latest and most accurate instruments, and the best equipped optical parlor in the city. We can determine exactly what you need. Examination free.

WADE, The Jeweler.
205 Market Street.

The First National Bank
Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON,
J. M. KELLY, O. C. VODREY,
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. C. THOMPSON.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

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193 Washington Street.

SMITH &



PHILLIPS

THE
Union Building Loan and Trust Co.,

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Incorporated under the laws of Ohio under state inspection.

Authorized Capital, \$300,000.

SHARES \$100 EACH.

For Borrowers and Investors—

LOANS MADE FROM \$100 UP.

J. M. Kelly, president; Geo. W. Burford, vice president; S. T. Herbert, secretary; N. G. Macrum, treasurer; G. Y. Travis, attorney.

Board of Directors—J. M. Kelly, vice president; Geo. W. Burford, secretary; S. T. Herbert, treasurer; G. Y. Travis, attorney at law; Cornelius Cronin, secretary; J. Smith, president of the J. T. Smith Lumber Co.; T. V. Milligan, Jr., secretary and treasurer of the Eagle Hardware Co.; N. G. Macrum, cashier First National Bank.

Depository: First National Bank.

For full information apply to any of the above named gentlemen or agent of the Company.

Temporary Office: Grand Opera House Block, Office of Herbert & Travis.

EAST LIVERPOOL MONUMENT WORKS

154-156 Third Street.

First-Class Work, First-Class Materials; Prices Very Reasonable. Now is your time to secure work in this line.



C. N. Emerson

ALL the News in the News Review.

M'CLAIN WILL CONTEST

He Will Be at the New Board's First Meeting.

ASKING FOR SOME REASONS

Why He Is Deprived of His Office When He Holds a Certificate of Election For Another Year—The Matter Will Go to the Courts For Settlement.

J. C. McClain, the Prohibition member of the board of education representing the Fourth ward, does not propose to abide by the provisions of the Blake law until the courts have convinced him that the ripper is constitutional.

Mr. McClain was elected last spring for two years under the law which gives East Liverpool two members of the board of education for every ward. The Blake bill provides for a board of seven members elected at large, and when it became a law all members of the old board lost their positions. That is the construction placed on the matter; but Mr. McClain says he is still in position, and will be until the certificate of election given him last spring expires. He bases his claim on article II, section 28, of the constitution of Ohio.

"I shall be in my usual place at the meeting," said Mr. McClain to the NEWS REVIEW, "and it will be the duty of the new board or someone who ought to know, to show me why I am to be deprived of office. If necessary the case will go through the courts, for I propose to test the constitutionality of the law. The right is mine, and as an American citizen I will exercise it."

Mr. McClain has been ill for six weeks with grip, but has recovered sufficiently to allow him to leave his room.

A WORD OF ADVICE

To Those Coming to Alaska or the Klondike Gold Fields.

One thing should be impressed upon every miner, prospector or trader coming to Alaska, to the Klondike, or the Yukon country, and that is the necessity for providing an adequate and proper food supply. Whether procured in the states, in the dominion, or at the supply stores here or further on, this must be his primary concern. Upon the manner in which the miner has observed or neglected this precaution more than upon any other one thing will his success or failure depend.

These supplies must be healthful and should be concentrated, but the most careful attention in the selection of foods that will keep unimpaired indefinitely under all the conditions which they will have to encounter is imperative. For instance, as bread raised with baking powder must be relied upon for the chief part of every meal, imagine the helplessness of a miner with a can of spoiled baking powder. Buy only the very best flour; it is the cheapest in the end. Experience has shown the Royal Baking Powder to be the most reliable and the trading companies now uniformly supply this brand, as others will not keep in this climate. Be sure that the bacon is sweet, sound and thoroughly cured. These are the absolute necessities upon which all must place a chief reliance, and can under no circumstances be neglected. They may, of course, be supplemented by as many comforts or delicacies as the prospector may be able to pack or desire to pay for.—From the Alaska Mining Journal.

A book of receipts for all kinds of cookery, which is specially valuable for use upon the trail or in the camp, is published by the Royal Baking Powder company, of New York. The receipts are thoroughly practical, and the methods are carefully explained, so that the inexperienced may, with its aid, readily prepare everything requisite for a good, wholesome meal, or even dainties if he has the necessary materials. The matter is in compact though durable form, the whole book weighing but two ounces. Under a special arrangement, this book will be sent free to miners or others who may desire it. We would recommend that everyone going to the Klondike procure a copy. Address the Royal Baking Powder company, New York.

EASTER OPENING

At Mrs. D. McDonald's Saturday and Monday, April 2 and 4. You are invited.

Well and Favorably Known.

Tod Constans, representing the Chicago & Milwaukee railroad and William Brown, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, were in the city on business yesterday afternoon. The gentlemen are well and favorably known in this section.

WONDERFUL EAGLE ROBES.

Boston Men Going to Alaska For Feather Work of Indians.

Three men who recently arrived at Seattle, Wash., from Boston will go to Alaska, but not for gold nuggets. They are after consignments of beautiful eagle down robes made by Chilkat Indians on the Yukon river and such other fine ornamental work as is made only by these ingenious Indians.

The two big trading companies have shipped a few of these eagle down robes within the past few years, but owing to fancy prices and the scarcity the sale has been light. Now there is a demand for them in fashionable circles.

The robes are unique. They are made from the fine down of white eagles. The skins of hundreds of eagles of perfect white are sewed together to make a single blanket. The work is enormous, and the blankets which have been bought from the Indians for a song have been sold in the east for \$500 each.

Colonel John J. Healy, general manager of the North American Trading company, took three of these blankets east two years ago. One of them reached Boston recently and made a sensation among dealers in curios. The result is an expedition for more blankets.

The Chilkats are particularly clever in the manufacture of all beadwork. It is believed that these Indians, who resemble the Japanese to a marked degree, are really descendants of Japanese who crossed the ocean to Alaska hundreds of years ago.—New York World.

BAD LAND FOR THIEVES.

Lashing a Culpit Down the Trail in the Chilkoot Pass.

Mr. H. D. Annable of Montreal has received a letter containing the following description of the way in which justice is meted out in the Chilkoot pass region:

"This is a bad country for a thief. There were two chaps recently tried here for stealing an outfit from a man on top of the summit. They were caught in the act and brought back to Sheep's Head and tried and sentenced to be hanged. The younger of the two, by the name of Wellington, put a gun to his head and finished himself. The other fellow, named Hanson, was tied to a tree, all his clothing taken off and then lashed with two big ropes fastened to a stick. The man who inflicted the punishment was supposed to be the ablest man in the camp. I was close to the affair—so close, in fact, that I had to hold my face back to keep clear of the ropes while he was swinging them. It was a hard looking sight. After they had done this they painted him with the words, 'Thief—Pass Him Along!' and then started him down the trail."

"He had been examined by a doctor before the punishment, and they whipped him until the doctor signaled for them to stop. In almost every place the ropes struck him they drew blood. When a man is caught stealing up here they call a miners' meeting and whatever they agree to do they carry out."—New York Sun.

NEW SUBMARINE BOAT.

Young Gillette's Model, Placed in a Tub, Runs Easily Under the Water.

C. B. Gillette, the 19-year-old son of Otis E. Gillette of Winsted, Conn., who has been working a long time upon a submarine boat, now has a working model and has put it in operation in a large bathtub.

It seems to work in an admirable way. Its submarine machinery is worked by electricity, and its other machinery works by steam generated by naphtha. The little vessel will run under water with decks awash or upon the surface.

Young Gillette has had correspondence with the authorities at Washington upon the subject of his invention and will doubtless soon obtain a patent. He says he can handle the boat easily and supply it with air. He thinks the speed under water should be nine knots an hour.

In some respects his craft resembles the Holland boat, but there are differences in propelling power which he will not reveal just yet.—New York Herald.

Saves His Pension to Pay His Way to War.

An old soldier of Bridgeport, O., received his pension the other day. He laid away \$19, which he said was a reserve fund to pay his fare to the coast in case of war with Spain. "I am 60 years old," he said "but am spry yet. If Uncle Sam needs soldiers, I want to be one. If there are any ramparts to storm, I will try hard to be the first fellow over them. I am going, and when I come back to Bridgeport I will be either a colonel or a corpse; I will be dressed in a colonel's uniform or in a pine box."—Wellsburg (W. Va.) Herald.

Senator Bruce's Gratitude.

The late Senator Bruce had for years supported the widow and daughter of his former master, who was a planter in Virginia. They have been entirely dependent upon his bounty, and although there was no legal obligation whatever they had treated him with affection and gratitude. He had acquired the rudiments of an education from the tutor of his master's son and felt a gratitude that expressed itself in this manner when he learned that they were in needy circumstances.

Springtime in Town.

The swallows twitter sweet
Up there under the eaves.
And the breeze that cools the street
Is hinting of budding leaves.
E'en the organ grinder alone
In the shade of the gray brick walls
Catches the fugitive fragrance blown
From haunts where the partridge calls,
And it brings back a country lane,
Lilac and the locust trees,
And he strays in the ways of youth again
And loafs in the Land of Ease.

One can hear the low of kine
Blown in from the pastures gay;
Smell the bloom that is on the vine
Where murmur the bees all day.
And the spirit is eager to rush
From the city's pleasures stale
To where the suns make the orchards blush
And the jealous dogwoods pale.
Through it all loom a country lane,
Lilac and the locust trees,
And we stray in the ways of youth again
And loaf in the Land of Ease.
—Will T. Hale in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Housewives of the Ottoman Empire.

"Women in Turkey," says a recent traveler, "are not so sadly lacking in domestic virtues as the American housewife thinks, and it must be confessed that in some things they can even give points to their sisters of the complex civilization. If it is washing day, the banum, however high her rank, attends personally to all the rinsing of her husband's garments, though it must be confessed that this is not so much from a fear that his flannels may shrink as from a belief that a spell could be cast upon them by any designing slave who wished to supplant her in his affections. Although every Turkish family, however humble, has at least one black slave to do the ordinary washing, cooking and scrubbing every mistress, even to the highest in rank, prefers to give her individual attention to all delicate and special culinary ventures."

Hairbrushes.

The brush trade is full of deception. An experienced hand will, by touch, tell if a broom or brush be all hair or a mixture, but if ever in doubt pull out or cut off a suspicious hair and apply a match. However well doctored, the deception will be shown at once. Hairs will burn, rolling up ball-like, with the well known smell of burned hair, while a vegetable substitute will consume, leaving the charred portion like a burned match.

Habit is a queer thing. An old gentleman, who said he could not see to sign his name until given a pair of glasses, was given a pair from which the lenses had been removed. He signed the paper nicely and declared he could see better with those than any others he had tried.

Spanish Detained American Schooner.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 30.—The American schooner Hester was detained three days by a Spanish gunboat on her arrival here.

The Weather.

Fair; light variable winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, March 29.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 91¢@92¢; No. 2 red, 89¢@90¢.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 37¼¢@38¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 34¢@34½¢; high mixed shelled, 33¢@33½¢.

OATS—No. 1 white oats, 34¢@34½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 33¢@33½¢; No. 2 white, 32¼¢@33¢; extra No. 3 white, 31¼¢@32¢; light mixed, 30¼¢@31½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$10.00@10.50; No. 2, \$8.00@8.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$7.00@7.50; packing, \$5.50@6.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, \$6.50@6.75; wagon hay, \$10.00@10.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large spring chickens, 65¢@70¢ per pair; small, 40¢@50¢; large old chickens, 60¢@65¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; ducks, 50¢@75¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, 90¢@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Spring chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; old chickens, 10¢@11¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 8¢@9¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 22¢; extra creamery, 20¼¢@21½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@19¢; country roll, 13¢@14¢; low grade and cooking, 16¢@11¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 9½¢@10¢; Ohio, full cream, September, 9¢@9½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 14¢@15¢; Limburger, new, 13¢@14¢; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 12¢@13¢; block Swiss, 13¢@14¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 10¢@11¢; in a jobbing way, 11¢@12¢; duck eggs, 18¢@20¢; goose eggs, 55¢@60¢.

PITTSBURG, March 29.

CATTLE—Receipts light on Monday, about 25 cars on sale, mostly common grades; market steady; prices firm today; run light; market steady. We quote: Prime, \$5.05@5.15; choice, \$4.90@5.00; good, \$4.80@4.90; tidy, \$4.60@4.75; fair, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.80@4.15; heifers, \$3.25@4.50; bulls, stags and cows, \$2.00@4.10; bologna cows, \$3.00@3.50; good fresh cows and springers, \$35.00@50.00; common to fair, \$15.00@30.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday, about 15 double-decks on sale, mostly light weights. With heavy runs at other points our market ruled dull and prices fully 10¢ lower than Saturday. Today supply is liberal, fully 18 double-decks on sale; market fairly active, but prices are again 5¢@10¢ lower. We quote: Prime medium, \$3.90@4.00; heavy Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; good light Yorkers, \$3.85@3.90; heavy hogs, \$3.95@4.00; pigs, \$3.60@3.75; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday about 10 loads; market steady at unchanged prices. Receipts today light; market steady. We quote: Choice sheep, \$4.85@5.00; good, \$4.65@4.80; fair, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.50@4.00. Lambs—Choice, \$5.90@6.00; common to good, \$4.75@5.50; veal calves, \$6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, \$3.00@4.50.

CINCINNATI, March 29.

HOGS—Market dull at \$3.15@3.35.

CATTLE—Market easier at \$2.75@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady for sheep at \$3.00@4.75. Lambs—Market easy at \$4.25@6.00.

NEW YORK, March 29.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, \$1.00¢@1.01¢.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2, 35¢@36¢.

CATTLE—Feeling firm.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—No trading. Market steady.

HOGS—Market dull and weak at \$3.90@4.15.

BUY UNION MADE GOODS.

Union Workmen and Sympathizers Should Ask For the Label.

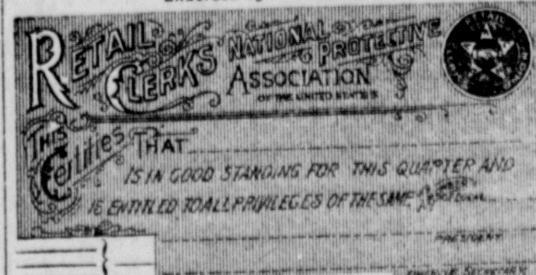
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

The Union Label committee of Trades council having been instructed to secure and publish a fac-simile of different Union Labels, in order to more thoroughly acquaint the public with the same, they herewith present the following. It is the purpose of the committee to insert other labels, and when making purchases you should ask for labeled goods. Be on your guard for false and counterfeit labels.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



This Label is the only positive guarantee that ready-made clothing, including overalls and jackets, is not made under the dreaded, disease-infested tenement house and sweating system.

You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



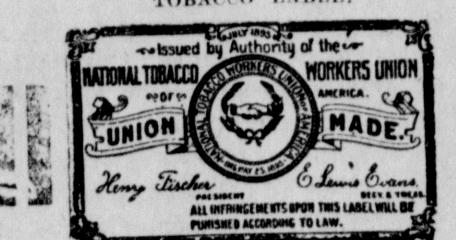
The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size fac-simile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



THE PRESS NEWS REVIEW

HUMS CONSTANTLY

Put in your order NOW if you want up-to-date work delivered promptly.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSED, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c, &c, &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING; TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES

CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE RAILROAD MEASURE

Does Not Exactly Suit Passenger Men.

PEOPLE GET PART OF THE LOAF

But the Demand For a Two Cent Fare Bill Continues—something Concerning Representative Ashford's Latest Ambition Comes From Columbus.

[Special Correspondence.]

COLUMBUS, March 30.—[Special.]—The two cent fare question was practically settled by the legislature in a very unexpected manner last week by the passage of bills compelling railroads to sell 500 mile books at the two cent rate. This was one of the greatest problems confronting the legislature, and as it affected the great corporations directly the bills proposing a straight two cent rate were opposed bitterly and a great lobby has been at the capital all winter working in the interest of the railroad companies. The sudden settlement of the matter was brought about in a peculiar manner, but it is far from satisfactory to the railroads.

In the senate the Valentine two cent fare bill was voluntarily surrendered by the author, as he became convinced that it could not be passed in its original form. Then Senator Valentine and Senator Plummer, of Springfield, conferred and formulated a substitute which provided the companies should sell the 500 mile book and that these books should be good for all members of a family or a firm, providing that the names of all parties are placed on the cover of the book at the time of purchase. These books may also be used by different members of the family on the same train at the same time.

When the Valentine bill came up for discussion the last time Senator Plummer offered this amendment, and its consideration was only delayed one day after an earnest speech by Senator Sullivan. The next morning it was passed by a decisive vote.

That same day the Bracken two cent fare bill came up for final decision in the house. It had once been voted down, but was up on reconsideration. As soon as it came before the house Mr. Stewart, of Springfield, offered as an amendment practically the substitute that had just passed the senate. He did this without consultation with Senator Plummer, but the effect in the house was even more sudden than in the senate. Mr. Bracken and his more intimate friends did not know of Mr. Stewart's proposed move, but after a quick canvass of the house they decided it was better to take half a loaf, and they took up the amendment offered by Mr. Stewart. The defeat of the original bill was a foregone conclusion, but this substitute was passed after only a brief discussion, notwithstanding the fact that it had not been printed and only a few members had any opportunity to know its real import except as they heard it read from the clerk's desk.

It was stated on the floor that the railroad companies would be satisfied with this, but the fact is that the railroad men were taken by surprise as much as the members. As the bills were so much alike one of them will be made into law, but it will not suit the railroads. Now that the railway people have awakened to a realization of what has happened, they complain that such a ticket as is proposed in these bills will only open the way for more unscrupulous traffic by the brokers and leave the railroads helpless.

Be this as it may there was great demand for a two cent fare by the people and they get part of what was asked for by this compromise.

Now that spring politics are under way it develops that a number of the members of the legislature have congressional bees buzzing under their hats. These members look upon congress as the next step in their political ambitions and several of them have been home setting up their fences.

The congressional fight this year also promises to be especially lively and interesting. The Kurtz wing of the Republican party have decided to make an effort to capture the state machine and they threw down the gauntlet at the Delaware convention the other day when they tried to beat Lybrand for a renomination. They were not successful, but the edict has gone forth and the same contest will be carried into every congressional convention.

Among the members of the legislature who have been mentioned as having congressional aspirations are Senator H. Walter Doty, of Hancock; Senator Leet, of Lucas; Senator Dodge, of Cuyahoga; Senator Sullivan, of Trumbull; Representatives McBroom, of Lucas; Wiley, of Wayne; Bartlow, of Butler; Boxwell, of Wayne; Hardin, of Darke; and Bolin, of Pickaway.

BLAQUE WILSON.

THE NEW YORK YOUTH.

Story of a Promising Boy, a Schoolteacher and an Escaped Dog.

A drawing teacher in the upper regions of the borough of Manhattan tells me of a curious instance of what she calls the crescent freshness of the metropolitan youth. Tommy was the most incorrigible pupil in that particular room, making the half hour spent there daily one of mingled doubt and anguish of spirit to the drawing teacher. The other day Tommy was evidently engaged in some new form of mischief. His drawing pad lay upon the desk before him and his hands were hovering over it, now swooping down at one side of the paper, now at the other, as if corraling some unwilling ant or other insect seeking to escape.

"Tommy," said the drawing teacher suddenly and sharply, "what are you doing?"

"Nothin," was Tommy's instant reply. Then he added, "Nothin but keepin this 'ere dawg from runnin away."

"What dog?" queried the drawing teacher. "I see no dog. What do you mean?"

"Course ye don't see no dawg," said Tommy, ceasing his gymnastics under her sharp glance and straightening up. "Yer too far away." The other scholars were all attention by this time, which was precisely what Tommy wanted, and he assumed a look of unsmiling innocence as he continued, "I drowed a runnin dawg, not a standin still one, an I was a-headin 'im off so's he wouldn't run off th' tablet an git on th' floor."

The other children laughed uproariously at this, whereupon Tommy surveyed them with such an assumption of surprised indignation that their mirth was redoubled. The teacher was now genuinely angry. She was a matter of fact young woman to whom normal school methods were both law and gospel, and here was a flagrant case of downright falsehood that must be exposed as an awful example to the entire grade of pupils. She walked slowly and firmly down the aisle and picked up Tommy's tablet. The white sheet was unsullied by a single mark of any kind.

"Tommy," she said sternly, exhibiting the sheet to the pupils, "there isn't a dog or anything else here."

"Course there isn't," said the unabashed Tommy. "Wha'd I tell ye? Ye made me set up, an he got away. He was a greyhound, he was."—Town Topics.

HE HAD HIM THERE.

How a Passenger Got Even With a Street Car Conductor.

He was intent upon his newspaper when the conductor came along and stopped in front of him.

The conductor stooped down to get a better look at his face and said, "Fare, please."

The man with the paper paid no attention, and finally the conductor tapped him gently on the arm.

"Did I get your fare?" asked the conductor as the man with the paper looked up.

Now, if there is anything in this world that has a tendency to make a man who has paid his fare get angry it is to have the agent of the corporation to whom such fare was paid come along and ask him if he has paid it. It may be all right, but it always seems as if there was an inference that some one is trying to beat the road. Thus it happened that the man with the paper replied rather sharply:

"You ought to know."

"Oh, it's all right, sir!" explained the conductor hastily. "No intention to offend, you know. I merely wanted to make sure."

Then he returned to the platform, while the man with the paper returned to his reading.

A few minutes later the man with the paper went out on the platform himself, and just before reaching his corner he gently tapped the conductor on the arm, even as the conductor had tapped him.

"Did you ring up my fare?" he asked. There were immediate indications that the conductor was getting mad. He tried to say something, but only spluttered.

"Oh, it's all right!" the man with the paper hastened to explain. "No intention to offend, you know. I only wanted to make sure."

Then he swung off the car, and when he reached home his wife detected traces of a faint smile on his face.—Philadelphia Times.

FIRE ON A FLYING TRAIN.

Wild Ride of a Baggage Man on a Pennsylvania Passenger.

The baggage man on Pennsylvania passenger train No. 6, which is due at Lima, O., at 8:30 a. m., had a narrow escape recently from being cremated in his car. The baggage car caught fire from the inside, and before it was noticed by the baggage man the cord running to the engine had been burned, and the engineer could not be signaled to stop the train.

The flames were beyond control, and the baggage man saw his only hope was to hang to the outside of the car until the next station was reached. This he did, but it was 25 miles to the stop, and when it was finally reached his car was out of control and was almost exhausted. The car was out of control and was almost exhausted. The car was out of control and was almost exhausted.

Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

NEW LIGHTING FLUID

THE REMARKABLE DISCOVERY OF AN AKRON MAN.

C. M. Carnahan, a Chemist, Claims That He Can Turn Water Into Gas—Guards His Secret With Jealous Care—Will Be Nonexplosive and Cheaper Than Oil.

One of the most remarkable discoveries of the century has been made by an Akron (O.) man.

He has tapped the clouds, and the water that falls to the earth is to be set on fire to drive away darkness and to furnish heat for all mankind.

C. M. Carnahan is a chemist who came to Akron several months ago from Sandy Lake, Pa., with the secret which he believes is destined not only to make him famous, but immensely rich.

He is to go to Washington soon to secure patents on other inventions made by him, but the secret of turning water into gas he proposes not to make known at the patent office.

A gentleman who visited the home of the chemist one night recently told a Beacon Journal reporter of the discovery, and the story he related of the experiments he had witnessed while with the modest and reserved chemist was remarkable.

He had seen the burning of water, and he had been warmed by the heat. In his mind there was no question about it. He had seen certain compounds placed in water and had witnessed the placing of the water in a common lamp which had a special burner. A match was applied, and there followed a beautiful and powerful light such as he had never seen before. All this was strange, but was also true. The inventor was talkative and friendly at all times, except whenever mention was made to the strange compounds that were being used in the water. This was his secret, and this he positively refused to talk about.

The reporter saw Mr. Carnahan the other day. He admitted that he had made the remarkable discovery of turning water into gas and said that he had been working on the discovery for over two years. He desired that he be given no notoriety at present, as he doesn't want to be bothered with his work.

He said that he had taken into his confidence a few of the leading business men of the city and some eastern parties, and that a company will be organized for the purpose of manufacturing the new fluid, which is to be 70 per cent water. It will be nonexplosive, without odor and will be much cheaper than common oil. Gas is generated from the fluid by means of a wick, but the wick never burns.

The new fluid is to be used not only for lighting purposes, but will also be used in stoves, to which will be attached special burners to be manufactured by the company to be organized here.

VICIOUS GAMECOCK.

Mrs. Walthausen and Her Baby Were Fiercely Attacked by It.

A gamecock owned by Michael Walthausen of Baltimore attacked Mrs. Walthausen and her 19-months-old baby in the yard of their home and severely hurt the child. The cock was known to be vicious and had attacked several persons, but had never shown signs of viciousness toward any member of the Walthausen family.

When Mrs. Walthausen went into the yard with her baby in her arms the other day, the cock flew at the child and drove one of its spurs into the baby's cheeks. Mrs. Walthausen fought the bird away as best she could, but it flew at the child again and succeeded in driving a spur into the baby's nose near the eye.

Then it turned its attention to the mother and fought her for several minutes, tearing her dress into shreds. The cock had to be sent away because the baby went into spasms every time the bird crowed.—Baltimore Sun.

THE QUEEN'S STOCKINGS.

John Meakin, 82 Years Old, Is Now Weaving Next Summer's Supply.

John Meakin, who has made Queen Victoria's stockings for more than 40 years, is now 82 years old and is rejoicing in the receipt of an autograph photograph from her majesty. He is now engaged in weaving next summer's supply of beautiful hose of the finest silk.

He explained to an inquisitive visitor the other day that he usually made black stockings with white tops and white feet. Just now he is making china white stockings. The coronet and the letters V. R. are worked in in a small openwork pattern while the stockings are on the machine. A small S for the firm of whom the royal stockings are purchased also appears, and still smaller the letters J. M., being the initials of the weaver.—Special Cable to New York Sun.

Grog Before Rank.

Governor Leedy recently received a letter from a Junction City man who wants to enlist as a private in the first Kansas company formed to go to Cuba.

"I see that you say that everybody has spoken for a place as colonel," says he to the governor. "Now I don't care for any title. Just make me a plain, everyday private and give me a canteen filled with the fighting brand of liquor and I'll be satisfied."

See! See!! See!!! What?

SEE what REUBEN H. KEMPF, Concert Piano Tuner; Organist and Director of Boy Choir Episcopal Church, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Musical Director Athen Theater; Graduate of Stuttgart Conservatory, Germany, says of

ANN ARBOR, MICH., Feb. 24, 1895.

MR. L. H. CLEMENT:

Having carefully examined the Clifford piano, I am pleased to state that I find the same an excellent instrument. Among its chief points are depth, richness and volume of tone and duration of sound, combined with clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale. Regarding the inner mysteries of piano construction as judged from a practical tuner's standpoint, it is equal in every detail to the best. I consider the Clifford piano entitled to rank among our first-class pianos.

Yours truly,

REUBEN H. KEMPF.

We also sell F. W. BAUTIER Co., Sole Agts, Ikirt Bk., East Liverpool.

WANTED.

WANTED—TRANSFERRERS—MUST BE first class in every respect. A steady position and good wages to experienced parties. For further information apply to the undersigned at Thompson House on Thursday, March 31, during the afternoon and evening. Geo. E. Shropshire.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Must be experienced. Good wages paid. Inquire Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Thompson Place.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS for light housekeeping. Must be centrally located. Inquire at this office at once.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 4-ROOMED HOUSE, WITH lot 40x100, on Lincoln avenue. Price, \$2,350. Apply to J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

FOR SALE—A SMALL FARM OF 25 acres. Frame House. Has a fine young peach orchard, apple trees, cherry trees and small fruits. Rich soil and nicely located 1 1/2 miles from end of street car line in West Virginia. Price \$1,000. Inquire at 178 Fifth street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THE STORE ROOM CORNER Fourth and Market streets now occupied by E. Zink. Possession given April 1. Inquire of C. C. Thompson.

FOUND.

FOUND—BUNCH OF KEYS AND CHAIN. Owner can have same by calling at News Review and paying for this notice.

BARGAINS IN PROPERTY.

House and lot near West End school house. A double frame house, slate roof, three rooms on each side and water at the door. A rare chance to buy a cheap home.

House and lot on Sixth street, 1 1/2 blocks west of Diamond; 50x130, with double brick house and store room in front, and small house in rear.

Two acres of land near West End school house, fronting about 300 feet on Fairview and Lisbon streets; a great bargain for anyone wishing to buy out town lots and build tenement houses. Price, \$1000. Terms easy.

A. E. MCLEAN,

208 Sixth Street

Watch this space each week.

I Don't Speculate On Other People's Property.

They fix the price—my pay is a small commission, which does not affect the selling price. Hence, you can deal through me as profitably as with the owner, sometimes more so. Therefore, if you wish to buy a house or lot, it may pay you to consult my list, which includes properties in all parts of the city.

Elijah W. Hill, J. P.,

Corner Washington and Broadway.

Money to Loan

IN ANY SUM FROM

\$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY, Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

Dr. J. N. VODREY

DENTIST,

Room 4, Porter Building, DIAMOND.

V. H. MOWLS.

MOWLS & RIDDLE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HUSTON BLOCK,

LISBON, OHIO

ROBERT HAGUE, Painter and Paper Hanger.

A first-class Artist. Test his merits. Give him a call at his shop.

777 Third st. P. O. Box 328.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
Pittsburgh	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Rochester	4:45	11:30	11:30	11:00	7:30
Beaver	6:40	1:15	1:15	11:50	8:17
Vanport	6:45	2:20	2:20	12:55	8:24
Industry	7:00	2:35	2:35	1:10	8:41
Cooks Ferry	7:03	2:40	2:40	1:15	8:45
Smiths Ferry	7:11	2:48	2:48	1:20	8:54
East Liverpool	7:20	2:58	2:58	1:30	9:05
Wellsville	7:33	3:00	3:00	1:40	9:15
Wellsville	7:42	3:05	3:05	1:45	
Wellsville Shop	7:45	3:08	3:08	1:48	
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:15	3:15	1:55	
Hammondsville	8:00	3:23	3:23	2:03	
Ironville	8:04	3:27	3:27	2:07	
Sadville	8:19	3:38	3:38	2:17	
Bayard	8:27	3:46	3:46	2:25	
Alliance	8:30	3:49	3:49	2:28	
Ravenna	10:05	4:38	4:38	3:13	
Hudson	11:02	5:35	5:35	4:10	
Cleveland	12:10	6:25	6:25	4:30	
Wellsville	7:47	3:10	6:55	1:55	11:02
Wellsville Shop	7:52	3:15	7:00	2:00	11:05
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:18	7:04	2:05	11:10
Port Homer	8:03	3:23	7:09	2:09	
Empire	8:10	3:28	7:14	2:14	11:21
Elliottsville	8:17	3:33	7:18	2:18	11:25
Elliottsville	8:21	3:37	7:22	2:22	11:28
Toronto	8:25	3:41	7:26	2:26	
Costonia	8:28	3:44	7:29	2:29	
Steubenville	8:44	4:00	7:45	2:45	11:45
Mingo Je	8:51	4:10	7:53	2:53	11:51
Brilliant	8:58	4:20	8:00	3:00	12:03
Rush Run	9:07	4:29	8:09	3:09	12:10
Portland	9:14	4:36	8:15	3:15	12:17
Yorkville	9:19	4:41	8:20	3:20	12:21
Martins Ferry	9:22	4:44	8:23	3:23	12:25
Bridgeport	9:40	5:10	8:45	3:45	12:38
Bellaire	9:50	5:20	8:45	3:45	12:45

Eastward.	3:40	3:42	3:44	3:46	3:48
Bellaire	AM	AM	AM	PM	PM
Bridgeport	14:45	15:00	15:00	14:45	14:45
Martins Ferry	5:01	9:15	5:02	1:10	3:15
Yorkville	5:10	9:24	5:11	1:19	3:24
Portland	5:15	9:28	5:16	1:24	3:29
Rush Run	5:20	9:33	5:21	1:29	3:34
Brilliant	5:28	9:41	5:29	1:37	3:42
Mingo Je	5:35	9:48	5:36	1:44	3:49
Steubenville	5:44	9:56	5:45	1:52	3:57
Costonia	5:50	10:02	5:51	2:00	4:05
Toronto	6:07	10:19	6:08	2:17	4:22
Elliottsville	6:11	10:20	6:12	2:21	4:26
Empire	6:13	10:20	6:14	2:27	4:28
Port Homer	6:20	10:33	6:21	2:31	4:35
Yellow Creek	6:26	10:40	6:27	2:37	4:42
Wellsville Shop	6:31	10:45	6:32	2:42	4:47
Wellsville	6:35	10:50	6:36	2:46	4:51
Wellsville	7:42	11:00	7:43	3:05	
Wellsville Shop	7:45	11:03	7:46	3:08	
Yellow Creek	7:52	11:10	7:53	3:15	
Hammondsville	8:00	11:18	8:01	3:23	
Ironville	8:04	11:22	8:05	3:27	
Sadville	8:19	11:33	8:20	3:37	
Bayard	8:27	11:41	8:28	3:45	
Alliance	8:30	11:44	8:31	3:48	
Ravenna	10:05	12:00	10:06	4:05	
Hudson	11:02	12:00	11:03	5:02	
Cleveland	12:10	12:00	12:11	6:25	
Wellsville	6:45	11:00	6:51	3:10	3:50
East Liverpool	6:57	11:10	7:00	3:20	4:01
Smiths Ferry	7:07	11:20	7:08	3:30	4:12
Cooks Ferry	7:20	11:26	7:21	3:38	4:20
Industry	7:25	11:31	7:26	3:42	4:25
Vanport	7:34	11:40	7:35	3:50	4:33
Beaver	7:40	11:45	7:41	3:55	4:38
Rochester	7:50	11:50	7:51	4:05	4:43
Pittsburgh	8:50	12:40	8:50	5:10	5:40

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 334 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

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HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Moon—a daughter.

George Bramer left last night for Mingo where he will open a store.

Barney Vail, a student at Scio college, is visiting friends in this city.

W. T. Tebbuts is having plans drawn for a new house to be erected in Walnut street.

Mrs. Joshua Poole will entertain Saturday afternoon at their home on Thompson hill.

Superintendent Morley, of the water department, who has been seriously ill, is slowly improving.

Chief Johnson returned to the city last evening from Canton where he placed Frank Stevens in the workhouse.

Invitations have been issued for a reception to be given tomorrow evening by the Junior Mechanics.

The Ladies' Home Missionary society of the First M. E. church are today holding a quilting bee in the lecture room of the church.

J. E. McDonald spent the day in New Cumberland arranging details in the matter of securing right of way for the Pennsylvania company.

C. M. Van Metre, of Minerva, has taken a position as clerk in the freight office. The clerical force at the freight depot is now larger than ever.

All trains were late this morning. The early train east was 10 minutes late, and the first train west was delayed 35 minutes by the late arrival of the eastern train in Pittsburg.

C. J. Lucas, of Natrona, Pa., was in the city yesterday looking for a location to open a barber shop. He left for his home last evening and will return to the city next week.

George McNicol last evening received a telegram from President Farrell, of the Auburn team of which club Twaddle was a member, expressing sympathy for the Twaddle family.

Mrs. George L. Matheny and children this morning left for her future home in Martin's Ferry. A large number of friends at the station this morning wished her much happiness in her new home.

Work was commenced this morning filling up the frog ponds in Ravine street. The residents of the street have endeavored for over a year to have this work done and are now in an amiable frame of mind.

Harry Hartzel, of Youngstown, has entered the navy as an electrician, and has been assigned to the Iowa. He is 17 years old and is well known in this city. He is an intimate acquaintance of Fireman Terrence.

Section Foreman Hickey and his force of men this morning scattered several carloads of gravel between the ties on the main line from College street to Broadway. The work was made necessary by the recent rains.

Several movings were handled at the freight depot today. The effects of John Webster were received from Bridgeport. Those belonging to Mrs. J. J. Carroll were sent to Allegheny, and the effects of Adolph Gena were sent to South Bend, Ind.

The residents of Gardendale have been troubled by the large amount of drinking that has been going on in that district for some time. Yesterday afternoon an old resident of the place got drunk, and for some time he made much trouble.

The "special service" of a local paper seems addicted to prevarications and sensational nothings. No one attempts to deny that it printed a lot of double leaded slush under the head of "special," but it should be remembered that quality is more important than quantity.

Almost all its "telegraphic" matter was denied in the dispatches the next morning. Perhaps that "overworked telegraph editor" should be entitled to a few more glasses.

EDUCATION OF BLIND.

Senate Bill For the Purpose
Passed by the House.

NUMBER OF MEASURES PASSED

The Senate Passed a Bill to Prevent Young Boys From Being Induced Enter Immoral Houses—Measures Effecting Different Interests Passed.

COLUMBUS, March 30.—A bill has passed in the house, formerly passed by the senate, introduced by Mr. Alexander, providing for the education of children who are both blind and deaf.

Other bills passing the house were: House bill by Mr. Snider (Greene), providing that costs in cases of prosecution for non-support of children shall not be paid by the state.

House bill by Mr. Leeper, providing that non-resident guardians may give their written consent to the marriage of a ward.

House bill by Mr. Reynolds, repealing section 3 of the law requiring safety devices at railroad crossings.

House bill by Mr. Haiden, providing that when a discharged patient becomes insane an inquest of lunacy is necessary to recommit him to the state hospital.

House bill by Mr. Parker, providing for refunding the direct inheritance tax.

House bill by Mr. Rutan, providing that where county commissioners order the county surveyor to record surveys made by somebody else he shall be paid regular fees for the same.

House bill by Mr. Ashford, making it a misdemeanor to solicit business for the same.

House bill by Mr. Magee, making sundry appropriations.

These bills were passed in the senate: Providing a penitentiary sentence of from two to five years for any person who induces a boy under 18 years of age to enter a bawdy house or to induce a male minor under 15 years of age to have illicit intercourse in such place.

House bill by Mr. Snyder (Clark), giving to cities of the second grade of the fourth-class the right to levy a tax for the maintenance of free public libraries.

House bill by Mr. Boxwell, providing that upon notice by six electors of the desire to abandon a special school district, composed of two or more sub-districts, a special election shall be called.

Senate bill by Mr. Cromley, providing that no money belonging to a township shall be paid out by the treasurer except upon an order signed personally by at least two of the township trustees and countersigned personally by the township clerk.

Senate bill by Mr. Cable, providing for a stenographer in the supreme court.

Senate bill by Mr. Schafer, giving the county executive committee the right to fill vacancies on tickets when a committee for that purpose is not appointed by the convention making nominations.

Senate bill by Mr. Robertson, providing that in appeal cases the testimony taken in the common pleas shall be reduced to a bill of evidence and presented to the reviewing court.

Senate bill by Mr. Burke, giving the board of trustees in hamlets the rights of councils.

Senate bill by Mr. Burke, providing that when parties to a suit request the court to make special findings of law and fact the time within which a bill of exceptions can be taken to a higher court be limited to 50 days from the time the court files his finding with the clerk.

House bill by Mr. Givens, requiring all railroad companies of ten miles or more to maintain a telegraph or telephone system.

Senate bill by Mr. Finck, requiring directors of infirmaries to pay over \$500 to estate of inmates where property to that amount is left.

Senate bill by Mr. Wightman, providing that penitentiary guards shall be allowed compensation when having charge of prisoners who are called away as witnesses.

Senate bill by Mr. Plummer, authorizing probate courts to alphabetically arrange pleadings in old cases and findings.

Senate bill by Mr. Cohen, giving the treasurers of counties the right to divide the county into taxing districts and fixing the time for the payment of the taxes.

House bill by Mr. Arebenz, providing that bodies in charitable and penal institutions not claimed or identified shall be held 36 hours before burial, and that the professor of anatomy in some medical college or the president of any county medical society shall be notified that it is there.

Senator Alexander presented a new measure striking out the law governing the custody of public funds by treasurers of townships, board of education and cemetery associations to deposit future funds in their possessions in banks, with the proviso that they shall be held liable for funds lost in that way.

There is to be an effort made to repeal the law of May 14, 1894, placing an excise tax on express companies. Senator Robinson introduced a bill to that effect.

Senator Jones introduced two bills amending the ditch laws.

The first adds to the questions to be decided by the county commissioners in considering petitions for ditches the matter of the necessity of the improvement. The other amends the law of

accepting Savel's Resignation.

WOOSTER, March 30.—The board of trustees of the Wooster university accepted the resignation of President Scovel and then elected him to the chair of

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moral and sociology. The following trustees were named as a committee to present names for a new president; Rev. A. A. E. Taylor of Columbus, Rev. E. W. Work of Dayton, Rev. M. M. Gaston of Cleveland, Prof. A. E. Jones of Massillon, Rev. A. C. Hills and Judge John C. McClarran of Wooster.

Urged the President to Act.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Michigan delegation called upon President McKinley this morning in a body and urged upon him the necessity and advisability for prompt and vigorous action on the Cuban question.

FRANCE AS MEDIATOR.

That Country Thought to Be Ready to Tender Her Services at an Opportune Time.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—There is little doubt that the French government is ready to tender its good offices as mediator between the United States and Spain if any intimation is conveyed by this country that such offices would be acceptable. Without such intimation it is doubtful whether France will take the initiative. In diplomatic circles it is pointed out that the interests of France, both material and sentimental, favor an avoidance of war. One material reason is that France is preparing for the international exposition, when the world's tide of travel will be turned toward the French capital. It is said that war at such a time would be seriously prejudicial to this great project.

Another material interest affecting France is that her citizens own many Spanish securities, so that any decline resulting from war would fall largely on French capitalists. While these are important considerations urging France to avert hostilities, yet they are not of course such as could be advanced as the actual grounds for a tender of good offices. Such a move would be premised solely on sentimental grounds, namely on the friendship of France for both parties engaged in this controversy.

THE POPULIST POLICY.

After a Conference, Cuban Resolutions Were Introduced in Both Houses.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Representatives of the Populist and Silver Republican elements at both the senate and house have held an informal conference and outlined in a general way the policy to be adopted toward Cuba. It was agreed that the recognition of Cuban independence was the only course to pursue at this juncture.

Senator All and Representative Bell of Colorado were accordingly authorized to introduce in the two houses a joint resolution embodying the conference views and indicating the line of policy adopted, which they did.

Dispersed Rebellious Chinese.

SHANGHAI, March 30.—The Mercury of this city says the country militia of the Kiang Peh district, which, as announced in these dispatches on March 22, refused to allow the execution of the condemned murderer of the student of the American Medical Mission, has been dispersed.

Anglo-Egyptian Troops Victorious.

CAIRO, March 30.—It is officially announced that the gunboats and Anglo-Egyptian troops attacked Shendy on Saturday, destroyed the forts, captured quantities of grain, cattle and ammunition and liberated over 600 slaves, mostly Jaalins.

Sigsbee in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Captain Sigsbee received a fine reception from his neighbors on his arrival in Washington. He has not yet been assigned.

Russia Opens a Port.

St. PETERSBURG, March 30.—Russia has issued an official statement regarding the opening of the port of China and giving Ta Lien Wan will be an open port.

The ancient Mexicans used wooden swords in war that they might not kill their enemies.

FEWER COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

Plan to Combine Free Hack Service With Rural Mail Delivery.

D. M. Geeting, superintendent of public instruction, is sending out blanks to all of the township trustees in the state of Indiana soliciting information upon which he expects to formulate a bill to be presented to the next legislature that will do away entirely with many country schools in the state. Mr. Geeting is a firm advocate of the abolishment of weak and poorly attended country schools and the consolidation of such schools with the stronger ones, the pupils to be transported to and from school in hacks at public expense. Mr. Geeting says that, in his opinion, at least 1,000 schools could profitably be abolished in this state. There are many schools, Mr. Geeting says, that do not average over eight pupils each. The expenses of repairs, fuel, etc., make these schools too costly to be maintained longer.

The man who drives the hack, Mr. Geeting says, can be made a very useful functionary, as, for instance, a trunk officer, country expressman and mail carrier combined. The latter service, Mr. Geeting believes, would solve the problem of free rural delivery that is so much harped about.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

A Secret From the Pyramids.
W. E. Pettis, an undertaker of Des Moines, claims he has discovered the old Egyptian secret of embalming bodies.

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Paper and carpet cleaning attended to in the most skillful manner. Prices reasonable. Best of references can be given. Leave orders at Pryor's or Good's barber shops or McIntosh's grocery store, Sixth street.

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Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

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DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON,
J. M. KELLY, O. C. VODREY,
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. C. THOMPSON.

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